The Caledonian Mercury. No. 10,624.

PRICE 3½d.] EDINBURGH, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 10. 1789.

CALEDONIAN HUNT.

THE ANNUAL MEETING is fixed for Monday the 12th of October at Edinburgh, to continue a fortnight.

To be run for over Leith Sands, upon TUESDAY the 20th of October, His Majesty's Purse of ONE HUNDRED GUINEAS given to the Hunt, by horses, &c. carrying twelve stone, the best of three four mile heats. The winner of this purse not be allowed to start for it again, nor to start for any purse or plate advertised for that week.

To be run for over the same Course, upon WEDNESDAY the 21st October, a Purse of FIFTY GUINEAS, given by the Hunt, the best of three four mile heats, by Scots bred horses, who never were out of Scotland before three years old, to carry the following weights,

Four years old,	-	8 stone.
Five years old,	-	8 stone 12 lib.
Six years old,	-	9 stone 10 lib.
Aged,	-	10 stone.

The winner of this purse not to be allowed to start a second time for it.

To be run for over the same Course, upon THURSDAY the 22d October, a *Purse* of FIFTY POUNDS value, given by the City of Edinburgh, the best of three four mile heats, to carry the following weights,

Four years old,	-	7 stone 12 lib.
Five years old,	-	8 stone 10 lib.
Six years old,	-	9 stone 4 lib.
Aged,	-	9 stone 8 lib.

The winner of a King's hundred this year to carry 5 lib. extra, a winner of fifty this year to cary 3 lib. and a winner of two fifties to carry 5 lib. extra.

To be run for over the same course, upon FRIDAY the 23d October, a Purse of FIFTY GUINEAS given by the Hunt, by actual Hunters of last season, who hunted with an established Pack of Hounds, and certified as such by the master of the hounds they hunted with, and *bona fide* the property of members of the Hunt, three months before they start, the best of three four-mile heats; to carry 12 stone. The winner of this purse not to be allowed to start a second time for it; and the affidavit to prove the qualification of the hunters to be in the following words; "I, A. B. maketh oath, and "sayeth, that my horse, which this deponent by his ser- "vant now offers to enter, and run for the Hunters Purse at "Leith, was actually used as a Hunter last season, and not on- "ly to get the name, but really as a Hunter." A. B.

"Sworn before me this day of 1789." C. D.

Certificates to be produced, and the horses entered at FORTUNE's upon Monday the 19th of October, between the hours of two and four in the afternoon.

The Presses, Treasurer, and Council of the Hunt to be judges, and their determination to be final.

Sir ARCH. HOPE, Bart. of Craighall, Preses.
Sir JOHN SCOTT, Bart. of Ancrum, Treasurer.
GEO. BAILLIE, Esq; Jun. of Jerviswood,
DUNCAN CAMPBELL, Esq; of Lochnell, } Councillors.
JAMES MAXWELL, Esq; of Williamwood,
WILLIAM HAGGART, Secretary.

THE FIFE HUNT is to meet at Cupar, upon Monday the 26th day of October instant.

By appointment of the Preses and Council,
ROB. STARK Sec.

AYR RACES.

To be Run for over AYR COURSE, on *Tuesday* the 3d day of November 1789.

FIFTY POUNDS by four years old, five years old, six years old, and aged horses—the best of three four-mile heats, to carry

Four years old,	—	7 stone 10 lib.
Five years old,	—	8 stone 8 lib.
Six years old,	—	9 stone 1 lib.
Aged,	—	9 stone 4 lib.

On *Thursday* the 5th November, 1789,

FIFTY POUNDS by four years old, five years old, six years old, and aged horses—the best of three four mile-heats.

Four years old,	—	7 stone 7 lib.
Five years old,	—	8 stone 5 lib.
Six years old,	—	8 stone 12 lib.
Aged,	—	9 stone.

The winner of the first fifty not to be allowed to start for the second,

If any disputes shall arise, to be determined by the Stewards, or whom they shall appoint.—Saddles and bridles included in all weights, and no allowance for waste.—No crossing.

The horses to be entered at the King's Arms in Ayr, on Monday, 2d November, between the hours of one and three o'clock afternoon; to pay two Guineas each at entry, and Five shillings each to the Clerk of the course. Proper certificates to be produced at the time of entering. Ordinaries and Assemblies during the race as usual.

STEWARDS.

COL. LENNOX.	COL. WEEMS.
MR M'DOWAL.	COL. MONTGOMERIE.

TO LET

Furnished, for six or eight months, and to be entered to immediately.

A GENTEEL LODGING in Hay's street, Nicolson's square, consisting of a handsome Dining-room, Drawing-room, two Bed rooms, and Kitchen, with other conveniences; has also the privilege of a green and well.

The servant will show the house, and particulars may be learnt, by applying to Dalgliesh and Forrest, Auctioneers, Potterrow.

TO BE LET,

Completely Furnished or Unfurnished,
West side of St Andrew's Square, No. 15.

A Genteel and Commodious LODGING of one flat, being the first up stairs, consisting of drawing-room, dining-room, two bed-rooms, bed-closets, kitchen, cellars, and various other conveniencies, as possessed by the late Richard Ridley, Esq.

To be seen every day from twelve to two o'clock.

IN THE SOCIETY.
TO BE LET,

And entered to at Martinmas next or immediately,

THAT Large HOUSE, lately possessed by the Lord Advocate, consisting of twelve fire-rooms, large light closets, kitchen, pantry, and vaulted cellars below the house—one of the rooms is elegant, 33 feet long, 18½ feet broad, with a large bow and five windows to the south. The drawing-room on the same floor is 24 feet long, 16½ feet broad—both rooms of a proper heighth. There is a large parlour on the first floor, and two of the closets on the bed-chamber storey will hold beds. There is a water-pipe in the back-court.

N. B. Mrs Thomas Campbell, the proprietor, is in the house, and will show it Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, betwixt twelve and three o'clock.

SALE OF OLD HAY.

To be SOLD, by Auction, at *Morton*, three miles south of Edinburgh, on Tuesday first, the 13th of October 1789,

A Quantity of very fine OLD HAY, in whole, or in lots of 300 and 500 Stones.

Also, a few FARMING UTENSILS and HARNESS.

Credit will be given till Candlemas, on sufficient security being found.

The roup to begin at eleven o'clock precisely.

In the Press—and speedily will be published,
BY WILLIAM CREECH,
Handsomely printed in two vols. 8vo,

ELEMENTS OF MORAL SCIENCE, JURISPRUDENCE & POLITICS:

BY JAMES BEATTIE, L.L.D.
Professor of Moral Philosophy, in the Marischall College, ABERDEEN.

Books just published, for the use of Schools,
By William Creech.

1. Le Diable Boiteaux, par M. Le Sage, nouvelle edit. revue et corrigee par A. Scott, Membre de l'Universite de Paris, price 3s. bound and lettered.
2. Histoire de Charles XII. Roi de Suede, par M. de Veltaire, nouvelle edit. par A. Scott, Membre de l'Universite de Paris, price 3s. bound and lettered.
3. Rudiments and Practical Exercises for learning the French Language, by A. Scott, fellow of the University of Paris, price 3s. 6d. bound and lettered.
4. Varietes Dramatiques; ou, Recueil de Comedies et Tragedies, des plus celebres Auteurs François, price 4s. bound and lettered.
5. Recueil des Chefs de Oeuvre des plus celebres Beaux Esprits François, tant en vers qu'en prose, price 4s. bound and lettered.
6. Institutes of Arithmetic, elementary and practical, with the use of Logarithms in all the parts of Arithmetic, &c. by William Gordon, Master of the Mercantile Academy, price 5s. bound and lettered.

IRISH STATE LOTTERY,

ANNO 1789,
Begins drawing the 12th of November next.

Besides Two Capital Prizes of
TWENTY THOUSAND POUNDS EACH,
THERE ARE ALSO

Two of	L.10,000	Five of	L.1,000
Two —	5,000	Sixteen —	500
Three —	2,000	Thirty —	100

THE ORIGINAL TICKETS
Are Sold, and, by Appointment of Government, divided into

HALVES,	EIGHTHS,	SIXTEENTH
QUARTERS,	&	SHARES,

BY JOHN WHITE AND COMPANY,
AT THEIR
Licensed State Lottery Office, opposite to the Tron Church, Edinburgh,
Where, in preceding Lotteries,

A MUCH GREATER NUMBER OF CAPITAL PRIZES
Have been sold and paid,
THAN AT ANY OTHER OFFICE IN SCOTLAND.

*** ALL SHARES sold by J. WHITE AND CO. are stamped and secured agreeable to Act of Parliament, for which *Government Receipts* may be seen, and those drawn prizes will be paid at current value so soon as drawn.

Tickets and Shares registered at 6d. each number—As they rise or fall in the London offices, so will they at this.

Country correspondents may have tickets and shares sent, on remitting bills payable at sight or a short date.

Schemes Gratis—Letters (post paid) duly answered.

HABERDASHERY.

ARCHIBALD AND JOHN MACKINLAY,
Corner of South Bridge,

BEG leave most respectfully to inform their Friends and the Public, that one of the Partners is just returned from London, with a large and Fashionabe Assortmemt of

HABERDASHERY AND MILLINERY GOODS,
In particular of

Printed Calicoes,	Dimitties,	Black Modes,
Muslins,	Muslinets,	and Laces.

The assortment is considerable, and the Public may depend on their being sold reasonable.

They still continue to sell Messrs Biggars and Company's Linens at the reduced prices.

MADEIRA WINE.

WILLIAM GRINLAY, Broker in Leith, will expose to sale by auction, on Tuesday the 13th of October 1789, at twelve o'clock noon, in Gibb's Coffeehouse, Shore of Leith,

TEN PIPES MADEIRA WINE,
London particular——in lots of one pipe,

This wine was transported from Madeira to the West-Indies, and lay a considerable time there before it was imported into this country.

Samples of the wine and conditions of sale may be seen by applying to W. Grinlay, any time betwixt and the day of sale.

Leith—Oct. 6. 1789.

EXCISE-OFFICE, Edinburgh—Oct. 6. 1789.
By order of the Hon.
COMMISSIONERS OF EXCISE.

On Friday the 16th of October inst. at twelve o'clock noon, there will be exposed to sale by public auction, at the Excise warehouse in Leith,

ABOUT 1000 lbs. of BLACK TEA, of different qualities, and contained in various packages, seized and condemned as forfeited.

The goods, which will be put up in lots, and the conditions of sale, to be seen at the above-mentioned warehouse, on the day preceding and morning of the day of sale.

WHALE OIL.

A QUANTITY from Forty to Fifty Tons very fine WHALE OIL, the produce of the Fishing of the ship Ocean, from Davis's straits, to be SOLD by private bargain on reasonable terms.

Apply to James and Andrew Tod, in Borrowstounness.
Borrowstounness, October 5. 1789.

SALE OF MUSLINS, &c.

For Behoof of Creditors.

To be sold by public roup, on Wednesday the 21st of October inst. at eleven o'clock forenoon, in the warehouse upon North Bridge-street of Edinburgh, immediately above the music shop,

A Large assortment of stripped, checked, and plain muslins, cotton, silk, and linnen Pulicates, a few piece Cambric and Irish linen

For the encouragement of purchasers, the goods will be set up in small lots of eight or ten pounds value; and as the whole most be sold off, very beneficial bargains may be expected.

Inventaries of the different lots will be delivered, and the goods shown at the warehouse on Monday and Tuesday preceding the sale, from 12 to 3 o'clock afternoon.

A HOUSE.

To be SOLD or LET, and immediately possest,

A DWELLING HOUSE in Bruce's Tenement, middle of Liberton's Wynd, Edinburgh, second door in the turnpike, consisting of six Rooms, and Kitchen, with a pantry, and sundry Closets, Presses, and other conveniencies; also, a cellar in bottom of the Tenement.

For further particulars, enquire at Mr Henry Guthrie, senior, writer in Edinburgh, the proprietor, at his house in Argyle square, or at Mr Harie Guthrie, junior, his son.

Not to be repeated.

SALE OF JEWELLERY, HARDWARE, &c.

At very reduced prices.

THE STOCK OF GOODS belonging to Mess. Peter Forrester and Company, as advertised formerly, and now purchased by Peter Forrester, continue selling off at his shop, opposite the Cross, Edinburgh, and consist chiefly of the following articles:

Gold, Silver, Gilt, Tortoiseshell, and Shagreen Watches.
Set Shoe, Knee, and Stock Buckles.
Silver, Pinchbeck, Plated, and Mourning ditto.
Gold Bracelets, Rings, and Locket Pins.
Silver and Plated Spoons, Tea-Kitchens, Tea-Pots, Sugar and Cream Bason, Bread Baskets, Castor Frames, Salts, Porter Cups, Ale Tankards, Candlesticks, Fish Knives, Sauce Boats, Wine Funnels, &c. &c.
London-made Brown Tea-Kitchens and Coffee Urns.
Japanned Tea-Trays, Bread Baskets, and Waiters.
Knives and Forks of all kinds.
Mahogany and Shagreen Cases for knives, forks, & spoons.
Ladies and Gentlemen's Pocket and Memorandum Books.
Silver, Gilt, and Steel mounted Swords and Hangers.
Variety of fine Prints in gilt burnished frames.
Double and Single Barrelled Guns.
Patent Spring Bayonets, Pocket and Holster Pistols.
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Dressing Boxes.
Plated, Black Ebony, and Japanned Ink Stands.
Backgammon Tables, Playing Cards, and Dice.

In addition to the old Stock, P. FORRESTER has received a fresh assortment of PLATED GOODS, and a great variety of Fashionable Watches, among which are two very fine gold Repeaters, and a number of plain and engraved Watches, with second, day of the month, &c. in gold, gilt, and silver cases. As he means, (during the sale of the old stock,) to sell them on the usual low terms, the public will find this a favourable opportunity of supplying themselves.

New-invented patent Shot, and every other article for the shooting season.

Just come to hand an elegant Epergne.

The highest prices are given for old gold, silver, and lace, as usual. Commissions punctually attended to.

As P. Forrester is appointed to discharge and settle the debts of the Company, it is requested that all those indebted, will immediately order payment of their accounts, as all those remaining unsettled a few days longer, will be given into the hands of a man of business, in order to effect payment.

IRISH AND ENGLISH STATE LOTTERY OFFICE
No. 26. CORNHILL,
Opposite the Royal Exchange, London.

THE TICKETS are sold, and divided into Halves, Quarters, Eighths, and Sixteenths, by

HORNSBY AND CO. *Stock Brokers,*

Appointed and licensed by Government, for the special purpose of selling and sharing Tickets in the present Irish State Lottery, which will begin drawing on the 12th of November next, and in the English State Lottery, which will begin drawing on the 22d of February 1790.

And, for the certain security of their friends and customers, who purchase Shares at their Office, they beg leave to acquaint them, that they have adopted the following undeniable mode, which cannot fail of removing every idea of doubt with regard to the holder of a Share of a Ticket being equally safe and secure, in the payment of the prize, as the possessor of a whole Ticket.

By the present act of Parliament, Hornsby and Co. need only leave the Tickets shared by them in the hands of Government three days after they are drawn; but Hornsby and Co. positively engage with the Public, That all Tickes, shared by them shall remain in the hands of Government (with whom they are now deposited), for the more ample security of the holder of the Share), until the payment of such Share or Shares is fully discharged by Hornsby and Co.

It has been an invariable rule with the house of Hornsby and Co. to offer the very best security to their worthy friends and the Public, on whose patronage and support they rely. They likewise humbly assure the Public, That it shall be their constant study to give every testimony of regard for the innumerable favours received during a period of twenty-three Lotteries; and they earnestly solicit their orders on the present occasion.

The large number of Capital Prizes sold, shared, and registered, by Hornsby and Co. are too numerous to mention in this publication; they therefore inform the Public, for the more early intelligence of the holders of Capital Prizes, bought at their Office, they shall follow their old invariable rule, by advertising every Capital Prize on the day it is drawn, and the whole of the numbers of the drawing.

Correct Numerical and Register Books are kept, and Tickets and Shares registered, at 6d. per number.

All Shares sold at this Office will be stamped agreeable to act of Parliament,

Money for Prizes will be paid at this Office, as soon as drawn.

Letters (post paid) duly answered, and Schemes gratis.

N. B. Agreeable to act of Parliament, no business in the Lottery transacted before eight o'clock in the morning, nor after eight o'clock in the evening.

Bank, India, and South Sea Stocks, with their several Annuities, India Bonds, Navy and Victualling Bills, and all kinds of Government Securities, bought and sold by Commission.

Office of Inspector of Lottery Offices, *at the* Stamp-office *in* London.

WHEREAS it appears by an advertisement signed *Shergold and Co.* as proprietors of an unlicensed Lottery Office in Lombard Street—That One Hundred Guineas reward will be given by them to any person of the name of *Shergold* to appear as the owner of that office, by the name of *Hugh, Henry*, or *Humphry Shergold*; and whereas there is not any person of the name of Shergold licensed to deal in Lottery tickets, all chances, shares, or agreements, signed *Shergold*, are therefore illegal, and nothing can be recovered thereon; notice is hereby given to all Riders, Printers, Shopkeepers, and others their agents whatever, in the different Country Towns and other parts of Great Britain, that all and every person or persons who shall be found selling any such, or any other illegal chances, shares, or agreements in the Lottery, shall be prosecuted with the utmost rigour of the law, and all Justices of the Peace, Mayors, Bailliffs, Constables, Headboroughs, and other Civil Officers within their respective jurisdictions are strictly required by the act of 27 of his present Majesty, c. 1. to use their utmost endeavours to prevent the committing of any of the offences above mentioned. And the Public are hereby requested to give their assistance, by sending information to this office of the persons that may be found offending as aforesaid.

T. WOOD,
Inspector of Lottery Offices.

A HOUSE IN MILNE'S SQUARE.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouse in Edinburgh, upon Monday 9th November next betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon,

THE DWELLING-HOUSE, being the two uppermost storeys of the east end of the back land of Milne's Square, consisting of a kitchen, eight fire rooms, and several closets, with a cellar in the bottom of the tenement. The house is in complete repair, being newly built. It fronts North Bridge Street, and is exceedingly well-aired and lighted. It is insured in the Friendly Insurance upon the old plan, at 2400l. Scots, and the premium paid up.

Apply to John Tait, writer to the signet, Park Place.

HATS.

THOMAS TIBBETS, HATTER,
At the Head of the Royal Bank Close,
EDINBURGH,

TAKES this opportunity of informing the Ladies, That there is arrived at his shop, by the last coach from London, the New PYRAMIDICAL LADIES HATS, of variegated colours, so much wore by Ladies of the first distinction in London.

Ladies, Gentlemen's, and Children's Hats, manufactured and sold at the above shop, at the lowest prices as formerly.

A. ROSS AND COMPANY,

St Bernard Street, Leith,

HAVE just got to hand, some real ERMINE, SABLE, and all other kinds of Fashionable FURR MUFFS and Tippets; likewise a variety of fine Flowers, foiled Bands and Sashes, a large assortment of very fine Muslins, and every other article in the Haberdashery and Millinery line.

FOR SALE,

At Dumbreck's Livery-Stables, St Mary's Wynd,

A Beautiful Strong-bon'd CHESNUT MARE, rising seven years old, well broke, and free from every blemish. She is fit for any weight either in the field

Not to be repeated.

A HORSE FOR SALE.

A Capital Blood Dark Brown GELDING, 16 hands high, six years old, master of 14 stone—is an excellent galloper and leaper, warranted sound, and free of blemish.

To be seen at Mr Smith's Stables Register-street. A trial will be given,

To LET, Furnished or Unfurnished.

TO be LET and entered to immediately, a convenient LODGING in Rose Street, furnished or unfurnished, fit to accomodate a large family, consisting of five rooms, kitchen, and two light closets, with other conveniencies.

Apply to Messrs David Gray and Son, merchants in Frederick Street.

To be SOLD, and entered to at Martinmas next,

THE WINE CELLAR in Nicolson's street, lately occupied by Mr John Fairbairn. Apply to William Sibbald merchant in Leith, or William Balderston writer to the signet.

D. MILNE

RESPECTFULLY informs his Friends and the Public, That he has now removed from Parliament Square to the NEW WAREROOMS, in that elegant building, the Merchant's Hall, Hunter's Square, west side Tron Church.

D. MILNE takes this opportunity of returning his thanks for the steady friendship which he has experienced, and takes the liberty of mentioning, that the usual extensive and fashionable assortment of SILKS and CLOTHS will continue to be kept.

A new parcel of BLACK FRENCH CLOTHS—the excellency of the dye, and fineness of these cloths, have rendered them desirable by those Gentlemen accustomed to wear black.

An assortment of rich Irish Tabbinets, Half Tabbinets, and Poplins.

Black Silks, every kind, Bombazeens, &c.

☞ Two Mahogany Counters, three Glass Cases, and some Shelves, to be sold at the old shop.

Edinburgh, Sept. 21. 1789.

SALE OF DEBTS.

To be Sold within the Old Exchange Coffee-house in Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 18th of November next, between the hours of five and six in the evening.

SEveral OUTSTANDING DEBTS, belonging to Robert Laidlaw, late merchant in Edinburgh.—The lists of said debts, together with the articles of romp, to be seen in the hands of John King trustee, or Donald Smith, Esq; and Company, bankers in Edinburgh.

TO THE PUBLIC.

IT is with much satisfaction I observe, that I have at length disturbed a *notorious Nest* of *Hornets*, who in open violation of all law, and in defiance of that established authority which refused (by with-holding Licenses) to sanction their iniquitous practices, have for several years past, preyed upon the Public, and stung with distress and misery the vitals of the unwary.—The steps I have pursued, have compelled those Plunderers to the necessity of confessing their frauds; and, that the name of *Shergold*, heretofore signed to many thousand Chances, and by which many thousand pounds have been drawn, is a *Non-entity*—Although these Miscreants, in the very same Newspapers in which they make this confession, have the audacity to refer to Mess. *Lockhart's* in Pall-Mall, for attestations of their credit, there can no longer be a doubt that every paper so subscribed, has been a forgery; and every sum of money so obtained, a fraud.

This nest of Robbers were so conscious of their downfal by my appointment, that one partner (*Mr Molesworth*, the *famous* Calculator) offered me a large sum of money to wink at their proceedings; or, as he had the boldness to express it, he would so blacken me in the Newspapers, that it should break my heart. And, as in the execution of my duty I have disregardad his threats; so has he, in respect to his scandalous endeavours, rigidly performed his promise. My heart, however, is yet whole, and my purpose as resolved as ever to pursue him, until I destroy the baneful effects of his contrivances.

And, in this purpose, I pledge myself to the Public, that, notwithstanding the calumnies, and all the false debts upon which I have been, and am threatened BY PERJURY to be arrested, I will route him, and every other individual concerned in such iniquitous pursuits, from the imaginary security of their fraudulent subterfuges; and rescue the Public from the dangers which in future they would otherwise be exposed to.

To describe the particular offence for which I am proceeding against those *Locusts*, it becomes necessary to inform the Public, that I detected the house of this *Ignis Fatuus*, SHERGOLD, in selling an agreement for part of a Ticket which they never possessed, nor ever can hold, as I actually have the ticket in my own custody.

That this offence is a fraud and forgery, need not be mentioned. Nor will the surprise of the Public at an offence so atrocious, continue, when they learn, that one of the partners concerned in the business, is the very *Mr Molesworth*, who, some years past, in an office in Holborn, which then he kept in his own name, sold to Mr *Roe Tee*, the member for Coventry, a *Chance of a Ticket*, which Ticket, instead of being deposited at a banker's, as he engaged it should, he afterwards sold to another person. The number was drawn a *Twenty Thousand Pound Prize*, and *Mr Tee* was left to obtain his money by a long suit in Chancery, which ended in the acceptance of a small composition, instead of the amount of the prize.

Subscribing the name of a *Non-entity* upon a Bill of Exchange, is the crime for which *Belland* was hanged.——Whoever put the name of SHERGOLD to Chances, or Agreements, and thereby obtain money,—there being no such person, (*as is confessed, in a variety of advertisements from that House*) are liable to the same consequences.

No bribe shall allure, or any danger intimidate me from doing my duty. I will persevere, in spite of every obstacle, till I have accomplished the purpose for which I have the honour to be appointed. T. WOOD, *Inspector of Lottery Offices.*

LONDON GAZETTE, Oct. 6.

VIENNA, *September* 19.

AN Eſtafette arrived here yeſterday from Marſhal Laudohn, with intelligence, that the army from Weiſskirchen effected the paſſage of the Danube on the 8th inſtant, and on the evening of that day encamped at Banofze. After its junction with the corps from Croatia, the whole army marched forward to Paliofze, where it arrived on the 10th. In the morning of the 11th, before day-break, the advanced guard, under the command of the Prince of Waldeck, paſſed the Save, in boats, from Paliofze to Oſtrowitza, and halted at Schelenik. The reſt of the army alſo croſſed that river the next morning, in three diviſions, and advanced to join the Prince of Waldeck. In the evening of the 12th the whole army encamped on the heights of Dedina, which command the lines of circumvallation, conſtructed by Prince Eugene, when he beſieged Belgrade in the year 1717. The Imperial army met with no oppoſition from the enemy during its march. One of the Turkiſh armies is ſtationed at Iſmail, another at Ruſchuck, and a third in the vicinity of Bender. The Pacha of Romelia was, on the 12th inſtant, within ſix German miles of the Imperialiſts; but his whole force is ſaid not to exceed thirty thouſand men.

VIENNA, *September* 23.

Advices have been received here, that Prince Potemkin's army paſſed the Dnieſter on the 20th inſtant.

BANKRUPT.

Fielder Dorſett, late of the State or Province of Maryland in America, but now of Spring Gardens, in the county of Middleſex, merchant.—Edward Cheſterton of Little Newport-ſtreet, in the pariſh of St Ann, Weſtminſter, in the county of Middleſex, poulterer.—Thomas Reid and Alexander Halliday, formerly of the city of London, but late of Liverpool, in the county of Lancaſter, inſurance-brokers and copartners.

LLOYD'S LIST.—Oct. 6.

THE London Packet, Innis from [illegible], Pattiſon, lat. 45. 00. N. lon. 50. 48. W. on the 15th ult. On the 17th ſpoke the Kingſton, Harding, for Quebec, in lat. 44. 54. N. lott. 48. 40. W.

The Fame, Richmond, from Quebec, on the 29th ult. ſpoke the Friends, Daniel, of London; the day following the Peggy, Blair, from Bay Chaleur to Havre-de-Grace, off the Caſkets, out 24 days, all well.

The Succeſs, Bone, from Honduras, on the 14th of Auguſt, ſpoke the Cecilia, Denny, from Jamaica to Glaſgow, lat. 26. lon. 80. all well; 3d ult. the Young Eagle, Marſhal, from London to Philadelphia, lat. 34. 55. N. lon. 59. W. out 18 days, all well; 21ſt ult. the Robinſon, Robinſon, from Dublin to Virginia, lat. 44. 2. N. lon. 35. 10. W. out 3 weeks, all well; the day following, the Mary, Fullive, from Newfoundland to Civita Vechia, lat. 44. 55. lon. 34. 48. W. all well.

The William and Thomas, Hunter, from London and Gibraltar to Maryland, was loſt the 24th Auguſt on Curytuck, crew ſaved.

The Friendſhip, Lamb, from Jamaica to London, is loſt in the Gulph of Florida, part of the cargo and ſhip's materials ſaved.

The Aurora, Schmits, from Amſterdam for Curaſo, is put into Falmouth with damage.

The Ann, Jones, from London to Seville, which was aſhore on Sandwich Flats, is got off without damage, and arrived at Ramſgate.

The Thetis, Vickerman, from Leghorn, ſpoke the Dart, Smith, from London to Smyrna, off Cape Gatt, out 14 days, all well.

The Indian Chief, Delday, from Bay Chaleur, on the 9th ult. ſpoke the Carolina, Turner, of London, on the Banks of Newfoundland, all well.

The Weynalda, Craſburg, from Stettin to Malaga; the Maria, Chaiſe, from Nantz to Dunkirk, are put into Ramſgate with damage.

The Caſar, Atkinſon, from London to Virginia, was ſpoke with the 9th Sept. in lat. 37. 19. lon. 64. all well.

The Active, Rigg, arrived at Lancaſter, on the 25th ult. ſpoke the Margaret, Leviſton, from Cape François for Quebec.

MAILS.

Arrived—Ireland, 4.—France, 1.—Flanders, 2.—Liſbon, 1.
Due—Ireland, 2.—Holland, 2.

REVOLUTION IN FRANCE.

NATIONAL ASSEMBLY.

OCTOBER 1.

M. *Demeunier* propoſed an Article to make the Miniſters reſponſible, to which M. *Guillaume* propoſed an amendment, "That no order given by the King ſhould be obligatory, unleſs it was counterſigned by a Miniſter."

This amendment was ſupported by the Duc de la Rochefoucault, M. Anſon, and other Members; and the Reſolution was at length made in the following words:

"The Miniſters, and other agents of the executive money in their ſeveral departments, as well as for all infraction of the laws, whatever be the orders which they may receive. No order of the King ſhall be obligatory, unleſs it be ſigned by his Majeſty, and counterſigned by a Secretary of State, or by the Comptroller of the department which it reſpects."

CHURCH PLATE.

The propoſition of melting down the Church Plate excited the moſt lively and ſpirited oppoſition.

Two plans were ſuggeſted.

The firſt, by M. *Treilhard*, propoſed that the Churches ſhould be directed forthwith to carry the ſurplus of their plate to the next Mint.

The ſecond, by the *Biſhop of Nancy*, propoſed that they ſhould only be invited to do ſo.

After putting it twice to the vote, without being able to tell which ſide had the majority, the queſtion was ſimplified by uſing the words—"If they ſhould *order*, or *invite*;" and the majority was for the ſecond mode, and a Reſolution was made to that effect; ſo that it is left to the diſcretion of the chapters and religious houſes, to carry their plate to the National Mint or not."

ORDER OF ST MARTIN.

The Superiors of the order of Cluny wrote a letter to the Aſſembly to diſavow the offer which had been made of the property of their order; and they added, that the offer had been ſigned by the young brothers only, and that they had even counterfeited ſome ſignatures. The Aſſembly ordered the publication of this letter.

CRIMINAL LAW.

M. de *Beaumetz* read an excellent memorial on the reform of the Criminal Laws. He urged the neceſſity of making trials and examinations public; to permit them to employ counſel, and to enable them to bring forward every ſpecies of juſtification which they might think neceſſary.—He demanded the ſuppreſſion of torture, according to the diſpoſitions already manifeſted by the King.

M. *Thouret* then read the plan of a law, founded on the above principle, contained in twenty-ſeven Articles.—Theſe were, in a great meaſure, founded on the maxims of Engliſh juriſprudence, and particularly in the important article of Jury.——They were ordered to be printed.

LEGISLATURE.

M. *Target* had, on Tueſday, ſubmitted a Report from the Committee of the Conſtitution, on which they requeſted the ſenſe of the General Aſſembly.—They were the ten following Articles:

Art. I. The King may invite the National Aſſembly to take a matter into conſideration; but the origination of decrees belongs excluſively to the Legiſlative Body.

Art. II. The Executive Power cannot make laws, not even proviſional, but only iſſue proclamations conformable to law, either to order or to repeal the execution of them.

Art. III. The creation and ſuppreſſion of offices, commiſſions, and employments, belong excluſively to the Legiſlative Body.

Art. IV. No tax, no raiſing of money, nor even a loan under any denomination whatever, can be made without the conſent of the Nation.

Art. V. Every contribution ſhall be equally borne by all.

Art. VI. No tax ſhall be laid but until the commencement of the enſuing ſeaſon.

Art. VII. The Legiſlative Body hall preſent their decrees to the King, to be ſanctioned.

Art. VIII. The Royal Conſent ſlall be expreſſed on each decree, in this form: "*Le Roy conſent—et fera executer.*"

Art. IX. The Suſpenſive Refuſa, by theſe words: "*Le Roy aviſera.*"

Art. X. The King ſhall order the decrees to be ſealed, and that they be ſent to the Courts, and ſecondary Aſſemblies, to be regiſtered, and executed without deliberation.

The three firſt of theſe Articles were this day taken into conſideration. M. *Demeunier* propoſed an amendment to the firſt, by uſing the words, "Repreſentatives of the Nation," inſtead of "Legiſlative Body;" and it was adopted.

It was after[illegible] propoſed to uſe the word "Laws," inſtead of "Decrees;" and this was alſo adopted; and the Article, though M. *Treilhard* argued that it was uſeleſs, was agreed to by the majority.

The ſecond article occaſioned more diſcuſſion.—M. Malouet ſaid, they ſhould at leaſt leave to the King the power of making rules of Adminiſtration for the departments holding under him. This opinion was ſupported by the Biſhop of Langres, the Viſcount de Mirabeau, and M. de Clermont Lodeve; but it was combated with admirable force by M. Target, Anſon, Rebell, Lapoule, Gouy de Preſeluz, Buzot, Duport, Peyion de Villeneuve, Demeunier, Leberthon, de Bonnet, and St Fargeau. They were for poſtponing the detail of the departments until they came to the organization of the executive power; and the article was carried.

They then came to the third article.—The Clergy and Nobleſſe, who have ever taſted the ſweets of the King's power to multiply places, *ad infinitum*, were ſtrongly againſt this article. M. de Virieux ſaid, if the King had not the power to compoſe his army as he pleaſed, it would leave open a field for the National Aſſembly; and that, in fact, the King would be dethroned. In fine, after it had been with various amendments put to the queſtion four ſeveral times, the amendments were loſt, and the article was carried.

The three articles, finally digeſted, ſtood thus:

"1. The King may invite the National Aſſembly to take a matter into conſideration; but the propoſition of laws belongs excluſively to the repreſentatives of the people.

"2. The Executive Power cannot make a law, not even proviſionally; but are merely to iſſue proclamations conformable to the laws, to order or to repeal their obſervance.

"3. The creation and ſuppreſſion of offices, can only take place in execution of an act of the Legiſlative Body ſanctioned by the King."

OCTOBER 2.

As ſoon as the Members had taken their ſeats, the Preſident aroſe, and read a letter addreſſed to the Aſſembly by M. Necker, in which that Miniſter requeſted permiſſion to make ſome remarks on their late deliberations concerning the Public Revenue.

Twelve o'clock of the ſame day being accordingly appointed for this purpoſe, M. Necker attended with a memorial, containing a plan of a decree, founded on the reſolutions already entered into, concerning the Finances.

He began by thanking the Aſſembly for the confidence they had placed in him, by adopting his ideas; a circumſtance which merited, and ſhould ever ſecure his gratitude.

He obſerved, that it was at the ſame time unfortunate and unpopular to be obliged to adviſe freſh taxes; but that the preſent criſis was urgent, and, adds he, "If [illegible] is to acquire ill-will; if any one is to be ſubject to reproach, how much better is it that *I* ſhould be the victim of a public hatred than this Aſſembly, on whom a Nation places its laſt hopes!"

The Miniſter of Finance then produced a draught of his propoſed bill, which is as follows:

The National Aſſembly having taken the preſſing exigencies of the State into conſideration, and wiſhing,

1ſt, To procure a juſt equilibrium betwixt the Revenue and the expenditure,

2d, To provide for Extraordinaries,

3d, To aſcertain the punctual payment of the Public Debts, and to aſſiſt the Royal Treaſury, the ſaid National Aſſembly have decreed, and do decree as follows:—

1. The ordinary expences of the War Department, &c. which at preſent amount to ninety-nine millions one hundred and ſixty thouſand livres, ſhall ſuffer a diminution of from fifteen to twenty millions, which ſhall go towards the [illegible] of the army.

2. The two Royal Houſeholds being intended to be united, the joint expence ſhall amount to only twenty millions.

3. The Eſtabliſhments of the Princes of the Blood, by a new regulation, ſhall produce a ſaving of millions.

4. The Expenditure, in regard to Ambaſſadors at Foreign Courts, &c. &c. by an œconomical arrangement, to be leſſened one million.

5. The Penſions to be diminiſhed five or ſix millions.

6. Two millions five hundred thouſand livres, heretofore diſtributed among the Clergy, to be placed to the public account.

7. Five millions to be realiſed from the impoſts on thoſe heretofore privileged.

8. The expences of the Royal Stud to be ſaved.

9. Other œconomical projects, propoſed by M. Necker, or the Committee of Finance, to be paſſed into a law.

10. The Aſſembly reſolve, that, from the produce of theſe ſavings, the abrogation of anticipations, and the extinction of annuities, the Revenues of the State ſhall equal its expenditure before the 1ſt of January 1790.

11. The loſs occaſioned by the diminution of the price of Salt, or any other impoſt, ſhall be made good by means of ſome other tax, ſo that the preſent œconomical equilibrium may never be affected.

12. This articles entirely regards the Extraordinaries.

"A new Loan cannot be thought of (ſays M. Necker) as it might augment the deficit, and ſhake public credit.

"The National Aſſembly, therefore, after hearing the opinion of the Miniſter and the Committee of Finance, on account of the preſent critical ſituation of public affairs, decree as follows:

1. That a *Patriotic Contribution* be requeſted of all the inhabitants of the kingdom—But this requiſition ſhall only be made once, and never renewed again on any pretext whatever.

2. That this contribution ſhall amount to one-fourth part of their nett revenue or income.

3. That there is to be no enquiry concerning the ſubſcriber's fortune.

4, and 5. Regulate the places where the ſubſcriptions are to be received.

6, and 7. Ordain, That all French ſubjects reſiding abroad, ſhall ſend their declarations, or make them by means of their attornies, before the 1ſt of January 1790.

8, 9, and 10. Enact, That a liſt of contributors be made out, and that the ſums be depoſited in the hands of the overſeers of the Capitation Tax.

11, 12, 13, and 14, Specify, That the impoſt is to be received in three equal payments: That thoſe who pay the whole at once, ſhall receive a diſcount of five per cent. and that thoſe whoſe incomes do not exceed four hundred livres per annum, ſhall not be included in this tax. Workmen, journeymen, &c. ſhall alſo be exempted.

15, 16, 17, and 18, Declare, That in April 1792, the Regiſters ſhall be cloſed and ſealed; and, at that epoch when the State ſhall be enabled to borrow money at four per cent. then the contributors to this patriotic impoſt (if alive) ſhall be paid, but that their heirs ſhall not be entitled to any benefit from it.—Commiſſaries, &c. &c. ſhall be appointed by the National Aſſembly."

The Miniſter of Finance, after having read thus far, propoſed the converſion of the *Caiſſe d'Eſcompte* into a National Bank, and preſented a plan of a vote, inviting the Corporations, Communities, &c. to carry their ſuperfluous plate to the Mint.

After having concluded his memorial, Mr Necker looking around the Aſſembly, again addreſſed himſelf to the Preſident, and requeſted, that he would receive a donation of one hundred thouſand livres, as his mite, towards the alleviation of the public calamities; the generous Miniſter obſerving, at the ſame time, that it was much above the proportion adopted by the Aſſembly.

The Preſident immediately aroſe, and having thanked him in the name of the Nation, for this new inſtance of his beneficence, added, that the Aſſembly would take his memorial into immediate conſideration.

The Syndics of the Bookſellers Company this day appeared at the Bar, and preſented twenty thouſand livres to the National Aſſembly.

Some Ladies alſo ſubſcribed four thouſand livres.

BRUSSELS, *Sept.* 29.

We have juſt learned, from Oſtend, a moſt extraordinary piece of intelligence, that a Ruſſian frigate has captured an Engliſh merchant ſhip, under pretence of her being laden with military ſtores for Turkey, and carried her into that port. The Commandant immediately applied for orders to the Adminiſtration at Bruſſels; and it is confidently aſſerted, that he is authoriſed to permit the detention.

Thus has Ruſſia, the firſt power that laid the foundation of the Armed Neutrality, been the firſt to violate its principles, and to carry the ancient ſyſtem of naval war to the moſt licentious and piratical exceſs.

Should the Imperial Miniſters in the Auſtrian Netherlands, ſanction ſo flagrant a procedure, it will be a powerful confirmation of the reports that are circulated here concerning the ſyſtem to be adopted by the allied Courts of London and Berlin. In the mean time, there are not wanting other circumſtances which ſeem to countenance theſe reports.

Preparations are making for a camp near Maeſtricht, and the Stadtholder has given orders to all the Colonels in the Dutch ſervice to hold their regiments in readineſs for ſervice by the 10th of October.

The exiled States of Brabant have repaired to Tongres, in the territory of Liege, where they are ſaid to be openly countenanced by the Pruſſian Monarch.

The Cardinal de Frankenberg, Archbiſhop of Mechlin, has been prevented from fulfilling his intention of joining them, by an arreſt, and is now confined at Bruſſels. When he goes to church, which on his role he is occaſionally permitted to do, his carriage is ſurrounded by multitudes, who implore from the aged Prelate the double benediction of a Patriot and a Saint. Neither the dignity of the purple, nor his inoffenſive age, nor his exemplary manners, nor the loyalty of his family, who relinquiſhed their noble eſtates in Sileſia, on the Pruſſian Conqueſt, were ſufficient to protect him from the rage of deſpotiſm.

The Emperor's conduct in another inſtance, though in itſelf trifling, indicates his apprehenſion, and is not without its effect on the public mind. The feaſt of *St Michael*, the tutelar Saint of this city, has, from the moſt remote Antiquity, been celebrated with great pomp and magnificence. But the Adminiſtration dreading the effect of ſuch a concourſe of people at ſo critical a period, thought proper this morning to prohibit the proceſſion. The fooleries of popular ſuperſtition, which are neglected and condemned by a rigorous Government, in confidence of its ſtrength, are reſpected becauſe they are dear to the human heart, by wiſe Monarchs from policy, and by virtuous Princes from humanity.

The Patroles, which have imparted to the aſpect of his once tranquil and elegant city the *gloom* of a priſon, and the terrors of a camp, have been promiſed Impunity in caſe of putting any turbulent individual to the Bayonet.

The emigrations to the Dutch and Liege territories increaſe every day. There is an univerſal ſtagnation of Commerce, the Courts of Juſtice are without authority, and ſome caſtrophe muſt ſurely be at hand when the bonds of ſociety are diſſolved,—when neither the opulent have ſecurity, nor the indigent ſubſiſtence!

LONDON,——OCTOBER 7.

This morning, their Majeſties and the three eldeſt Princeſſes came from Windſor to Kew.

His Majeſty afterwards came to St James's, to attend the levee, and returned to Kew to dinner.

And, to-morrow, their Majeſties and the Princeſſes will come from Kew to Buckingham Houſe, and from thence to St James's, in order to be preſent at the Drawing Room, which is expected to be very ſplendid.

His Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales will be in town to-morrow, on account of being preſent at the Court at St James's.

On Sunday, their Royal Highneſſes the Prince of Wales and Duke of York arrived at Carleton Houſe from Newmarket. Soon after their arrival, the Prince ſet off in his phaeton to Richmond, when his Royal Highneſs dined with the Duke of Clarence, and in the evening viſited the Royal Family at Windſor Lodge.

Monday morning, his Royal Highneſs the Duke of York reviewed his regiment of Guards in Hyde Park. They afterwards marched down Conſtitution Hill, and through the Park, with drums beating, and colours flying.

Same day, his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Clarence dined with their Majeſties and the Princeſſes at Windſor Lodge.

Same day, his Royal Highneſs the Duke of York gave a grand dinner to ſeveral of his friends and military officers at York Houſe, Whitehall.

The Duke of York was at Drury Lane Theatre, on Monday night, and ſeemed by his aſpect, as well as vivacity, to be perfectly recovered from his late illneſs.

The expences of furniſhing Carleton Houſe, including ſervice of plate, &c. will be about 107,000l. on the moſt moderate computation. The King furniſhes this from his privy purſe.

On Sunday his Royal highneſs the Duke of York inſpected his regiment in Hyde Park; and after the inſpection, his Royal Highneſs marched with the ſecond battalion to the barracks at Knightſbridge, where he attended divine ſervice at the head of the battalion; and, after examining the meſſes, bedding, &c. his Royal Highneſs returned to York-Houſe at one o'clock.

It has been whiſpered, in the polite circles, that there is likely to be a ſerious miſunderſtanding in the Cabinet, in conſequence of a certain great law officer at the head of his department having politively refuſed to affix the Great Seal to Mr Eden's penſion. It is certain, that ſome meaſures lately adopted have been much diſapproved by the high character alluded to, and given reaſon to ſurmiſe, that a reſignation of his office may not be far diſtant.

The Lord Chancellor arrived in town from Gredington, the ſeat of the Lord Chief Juſtice Kenyon, on Saturday morning. His Lordſhip's ſudden arrival in town was occaſioned by urgent buſineſs.

Of the two candidates for the vacant Lord Stewardſhip, Lord Viſcount Sydney poſſeſſes the moſt intereſt with the Miniſter. The readineſs with which his Lordſhip reſigned the Secretaryſhip to make room for Mr Grenville is the reaſon of it.

Had the late Earl of Huntingdon died without a will, his mother, who is patroneſs of the ſect of Methodiſts, would have come in for all his perſonal effects, which are conſiderable.

The Earldom of Huntingdon is not extinct, as there is an heir in a diſtant collateral branch of the family. The baronies of Hungerford, Newmarch, Bethreux, Moel, and Moline, go to his Lordſhip's ſiſter, the Counteſs of Moira, in Ireland, mother of Lord Rawdon.

No leſs than Seventeen Peers have died ſince the trial of the impeachment of Warren Haſtings, Eſq; took place in Weſtminſter Hall, viz.

Duke of St Alban's,	Lord Say and Sele,
Duke of Leeds,	Lord Grantley,
Duke of Manchester,	Lord Boringdon,
Duke of Chandos,	Lord Berwick,
Earl of Huntingdon,	Biſhop of London,
Earl Paulett,	Biſhop of Hereford,
Earl of Ferrers,	Biſhop of Carliſle,
Earl of Clarendon,	Biſhop of St Aſaph.
Viſcount Dudley,	

The Dutch mails, due on Friday and Monday, arrived this day, by which we have received the following intelligence:

From Alſace we learn, that tranquillity is by no means reſtored: As ſoon as the troops left the place, the popular commotions became as high as ever. At Straſburg, the preſence of the armed ſoldiery is the only thing which reſtrains the people.

By advices from Conſtantinople, it is confirmed, that the Porte have concluded a Convention with the Court of Sweden, by which they engage reciprocally to liſten to no ſeparate propoſals of peace that may be offered by their common enemy. The Porte engages to pay to his Swediſh Majeſty a ſubſidy amounting to 20,000 purſes (500 crowns in each) in the courſe of ſix years.

The Grand Signor continues his warlike preparations, and inſpects the arſenal in perſon very often. Lately, he paid a viſit to the caſtles which defend the entrance of the Black Sea, and proved the great guns.

On the 20th of July, the ſeveral European ambaſſadors complimented his Highneſs on his acceſſion to the throne.

Letters from Hamburgh, Sept. 25. mention, that a Swediſh ſhip of war took two Ruſſian frigates, a few days before, one of 38 guns, the other of 34. A third frigate, in company with them, made her eſcape.

A letter from Madrid mentions, that the fleet which lately returned to Naples, has received orders to furniſh themſelves with proviſions for four months, and to go to ſea under the command of M. de Solano. M. de Gravina, a brigadier of marine, who, in the middle of May, went from Aranguez to Cadiz, where he embarked on board a frigate, a very ſwift ſailer, landed at Carthagena; from thence he went to the Havannah, and from that returned to Cadiz, and within theſe eight days arrived at Madrid. He was out only 82 days in all this expedition, going and coming. The purpoſe of his journey is not known.

The troubles in Corſica have been much exaggerated. Some houſes have been burnt at Baſtia, and ſeveral unpopular perſons have fled, but nothing has been done yet amounting to a revolution. M. de Barin, Commander of the iſland, is ſhut up in his citadel, and has ſent home for a reinforcement of eight battalions, which, however, government does not ſeem diſpoſed to grant.

It will perhaps ſcarcely be believed, though it is ſtrictly true, that the National Aſſembly of France is a daily expence of 24,000 livres to the nation. Each Deputy is allowed eighteen livres a-day for his expences, which, with the ſalary of Secretaries, lights, and attendants, amounts to that ſum. The good of the nation may therefore be ſaid to coſt it 1000 crowns for every hour the Aſſembly ſits, computing the ſittings at eight hours a-day.

The King of France gives up his ſervice of plate for the uſe of the ſtate:—The Queen does the ſame! With this evidence of diſtreſs before us, what a happy country is England!—for, even during our ſtruggles with all Europe and America—our gracious King—thank heaven—felt no ſuch preſſures; but on the other hand, was enabled to accumulate a great body of treaſure!!!

Nothing evinces more the mercurial diſpoſition of the French, than the laſt new faſhions in dreſs; a new cap is invented, which is ſo contrived, that three parts bear the titles of the Nobility, Clergy,

and the Tiers Etat. This is treating ſerious matters with *vivacité* indeed.

On Friday, John Chetwood, Eſq; Barriſter at Law, received a letter from Monſieur L'Abbe Gregorie, requeſting his attendance at Paris, to aſſiſt in new modelling the conſtitution and laws of France, under the direction of L'Aſſemblee Nationale; and to join Mr Peate, of Lincoln's-Inn, who hath long reſided in France on that buſineſs.

It is the opinion of all the mercantile people in the city, that Mr Necker's plan for putting the debts of the Crown of France in a train of payment, is the only poſſible mode left. This they think with him too, muſt be done quickly; for if the National Aſſembly go on attending to the leſſer movements, the vital principles muſt ſtop.

As the reſources of France are really great, the adoption by the National Aſſembly of M. Necker's plan of finance, will, it may be reaſonably hoped, prevent a national bankruptcy from taking place.

On Monday laſt, the celebrated Mole, Dagazon, Dazincourt, and Fleury, performers at the French Theatre, or Comedie Francoiſe, preſented themſelves at the bar of the National Aſſembly, and in the name of themſelves and the other performers of that Theatre, made an offer of 32,000 livres, to be paid into the Royal Treaſury on the 24th of January next. The Preſident thanked them in the name of the Aſſembly, accepted their offer, and did them the ſignal honour to invite them within the bar, where they ſtaid till the Aſſembly adjourned.

At the departure of the laſt meſſenger from France, a report prevailed, that letters had been intercepted, by which it was diſcovered that the Swiſs troops in garriſon on the frontiers of Lorraine, were preparing to facilitate his Majeſty's eſcape to Metz, where an army of 40,000 men was waiting the arrival of the Monarch. It was alſo aſſerted, that there was a large body of Royaliſts at Luxembourg; that the regiment of Orleans cavalry was within fifteen leagues of Paris, and was ordered to be ready to march at a moment's warning.

The Prince of Heſſe Darmſtadt, after being beſieged in his own palace by his ſubjects, has fled out of his dominions for ſafety. A large ſum of money is offered by the inſurgents for his head. While his treaſure, amounting to forty millions of livres, and his rich furniture, were plundering by the people, they exclaimed, "This is nothing more than what is juſt, as his Highneſs ſold us like ſo many hogs to the Engliſh."

The Prince Maximilian, brother to the preſent Duke of Deux Ponts, having ordered one of his ſervants who wore a French cockade, to be baſtinadoed, the father of the young man, enraged at this treatment, levelled a muſket at his Highneſs, and killed him on the ſpot.

From ſeveral late manœuvres of the Miniſter, there can be little doubt of his intention to revive, in ſome ſhape or other, the odious ſhop-tax:—A general election will give the ſhop-keepers an opportunity of guarding againſt this meaſure, and if they do not avail themſelves of that opportunity, they will have themſelves only to blame. It is ſaid this tax is to be revived under a new name, *A Licenſe on Shops*.

The following is an exact copy of a letter ſent to every one of the 184 ſurveyors in England.

(CIRCULAR.)

"SIR,

"I am ordered to deſire that you forthwith make out, and tranſmit to me, an account of the number of hops in your diviſion, diſtinguiſhing each claſs according to the rents.

I am, Sir,

Office for Taxes, Sept. 9. 1789. } Your humble ſervant, TIM. BRENT, Comptroller."

The claſſes the ſurveyors are to take from the firſt order, which they received from Mr Faikney's in the 1785, when the ſhop-tax was firſt engendered. The claſſes are ſhops

From L. 5 a year to L. 10	From L. 25 a-year to L. 30	
10 15	30 and ſo on higher	
15 20	to any rate.	
20 25		

On Tueſday laſt, the 29th ult. there was a meeting of the gentlemen, tinners, and merchants at Redruth, in Cornwall, in order to conſider of the moſt effectual means for the relief of their diſtreſſed trade; but news arriving the ſame morning, that the Hon. Eaſt India Company had contracted with Nicholas Donnithorne, Eſq; the agent of the county, for a quantity of tin, amounting to nearly 50,000 l. every countenance immediately became bright and animated, and every heart exulted with joy.

The laſt returns from Commodore Parker's ſquadron, ſtate the health as extraordinary on the Weſt India ſtation. All the ſhips were in good order but the Jupiter; the Blanche and Maidſtone were the beſt.

No leſs than three officers, a Lieutenant, a Surgeon, and a Purſer, have been broke by ſentence of a Court Martial, in Commodore Cornwallis's ſquadron, during the ſhort period ſince it ſailed from England. It was rather unfortunate for thoſe Gentlemen that the ſquadron touched at Madeira on its paſſage out, for a cargo of wines, ſince it appears that the jolly God Bacchus had a great ſhare in the buſineſs.

On Saturday ſome diſpatches were received at the Secretary of State's Office from Madeira, which contain an account of the arrival of 12 ſail of merchant ſhips from London, bound to the Weſt Indies; and that a Spaniſh frigate, mounting 36 guns, put in there diſmaſted, with the loſs of her rudder.

An ordonnance has been publiſhed at the Havannah, declaring, that in future no negroes, who have run away from the Britiſh, or other iſlands, will receive any countenance there, but that they will be delivered up to their maſters, even though they ſhould be under the protection of the church.

Laſt Wedneſday night, in a very heavy gale of wind, the Hope, a Weſt India brig, homewardbound, laden with rum and ſugar, was wrecked at Jew's Gap, between Rye in Suſſex and Lydd in Kent, when the Captain and ſix of the crew were drowned. Four perſons, who went the next morning down to the wreck from Lydd, obſerving one of the brig's crew ſtruggling with the waves under the hull of the veſſel, humanely clenching their hands together, went into the ſea to his aſſiſtance; but one of them, Mr Taylor, a ſtone maſon, periſhed in the attempt, and without being able to give any relief to the ſailor. The other three with difficulty ſaved their lives. The veſſel, by the violence of the waves, was ſoon after daſhed to pieces, where all the cargo, except three puncheons of rum, was loſt.

Pope, Miſs Fontenelle, and Mrs Taylor, winter at Edinburgh.

On Saturday, one of the drying kilns of the government powder-mills at Feverſham, in Kent, by ſome accident blew up, and one of the workmen was inſtantaneously killed by the exploſion.

Yeſterday died, by a paralytic ſtroke, in the 78 year of her age, at Mr Bartholomon's, Vauxhall, Mrs Cecilia Arne, relict of the late Dr Arne.

Sunday died at Windſor, Horatio Ripley, Eſq.

On the 28th of September died, by a fall from his horſe, Thomas Day, Eſq; of Anneſly in Surrey; a gentleman diſtinguiſhed for eminent abilities, which he employed as well as his affluent fortune, in ſuch a manner as ſhewed that he conſidered theſe advantages as having been entruſted to him, not for his perſonal gratification, but for the benefit of mankind. His life having been uniformly devoted to the punctual diſcharge of every ſocial duty, to the practice of beneficence, and to the exerciſe of public virtue, neither yielding to the paſſions of youth, nor to the impulſe of perſonal ambition, nor to the allurements of an effeminate age, he attained, as near as is given to humanity, the ſummit of virtue.—His literary productions are known and admired. His poems breathe the ſpirit of poetry and freedom. His political works and ſpeeches were not leſs diſtinguiſhed for nervous eloquence than for the moſt diſintereſted patriotiſm and regard to the rights and liberties of mankind. He was among the firſt of thoſe who exerted their efforts to emancipate the negroes from cruelty and tyranny. His lateſt work, the Hiſtory of Sanford and Merton, will remain as an inſtance of the ſucceſsful application of genius to form the minds of youth to an active and manly virtue.

Laſt week was interred, from his lodgings in Chelſea, John Galbraith, Eſq; thirty-two years Lieutenant in his Majeſty's Royal Navy: a ſtrict and active officer, and able ſeaman, a brave and honeſt man. Thus are too many officers of merit and long ſervice overlooked and neglected.

PRICES OF STOCKS, Oct. 7.

Bank Stock, ſhut.	Ditto Ann.—
3 per cent. red. ſhut.	Ditto Bonds, 107 prem.
Ditto con. 80¼ a ⅜.	South Sea Stock,—
Ditto 1726,—	Ditto Old Ann.—
4 per cent. con. ſhut.	New ditto, 79¾ a ½.
5 per cent. 118¼ a ¼ a ¾.	3 per cent. 1751, 79½.
Bank Long. Ann.—	New Navy, and Victualling
Short 1777,—	Bills,—
Ditto 1778, 1779,—	Exchequer bills,—
Tontine, 99¼.	Lottery Tickets, 16 l.
India Scrip. 6¾ prem.	

WIND AT DEAL, Oct. 6. S. W.

EDINBURGH.

This day, his Excellency the Count de Reden, Privy Counſellor of Finances, and Director of the Mines of Sileſia, together with his couſin, the Baron de Reden, who have been in town theſe eight or ten days paſt, ſet off from Dunn's Hotel, New Town, on their way to England.

Laſt night arrived at Walker's Hotel, New Town, from London, on a tour through Scotland, Dr Richard Warren, Firſt Phyſician to his Majeſty, and to his Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales, accompanied by his Lady, his ſon and two daughters, with a numerous retinue of ſervants, &c.

We are informed, that to-morrow the Reverend Dr Hugh Blair is to preach a funeral ſermon in the High Church, on the late Sir Thomas Miller, Bart. Lord Preſident of the Court of Seſſion.

On the 7th inſt. Mrs Chriſtie was ſafely delivered of a ſon, at Baberton.

On the 7th inſtant, was married at Kirktonhill, William Richardſon, Eſq; late of the iſland of St Vincent, to Miſs Elizabeth Gardiner, daughter of David Gardiner, Eſq; of Kirktonhill.

Thurſday died at Glaſgow, Dr Ninian Hill.

There are letters in town, of good authority, which mention, that in Holland, a large army, with field equipage, have got orders to hold themſelves in readineſs to march at the ſhorteſt notice; and that orders were alſo ſent to the fleet in the Texel, under Vice Admiral Kinſbergen, to be ready to ſail the beginning of this month.—Various are the conjectures on this important buſineſs. Some are of opinion, that the object is to take poſſeſſion of Brabant.

Thurſday evening, it began to rain here very violently, and continued to do ſo all night. Yeſterday a great deal of rain likewiſe fell, as well as laſt night. This morning, however, exhibited the pleaſing appearance of a ſerene ſky, and we have had a very fine day, without any rain.

The Diana, Campbell, from Leith to London, arrived in Yarmouth Roads the 6th inſtant, all well.

The preſent Parliament does not naturally expire till May 1791, but from preſent appearances it is probable it will be diſſolved in the courſe of next year.

It is with pleaſure we hear, that the Chamber of Commerce, at their meeting on Wedneſday, came to ſeveral reſolutions reſpecting having paper and vellum ſtamped at Edinburgh, the want of which has long been attended with many inconveniencies to the conſumers of ſtamps, and the manufacturers of paper in Scotland.

At the Head Court for the county of Roxburgh, held at Jedburgh on Tueſday laſt, a committee was appointed to confer with a committee from the county of Berwick, to concert a plan and procure eſtimates of the expence of the propoſed canal from the ſea to Keliſo.

On the 30th ult. the houſe of a tailor at Heriothouſe toll-bar, in the parith of Heriot, was broke into, while the poor man was laboring in the field at harveſt work. The thief or thieves tore up every cheſt in the houſe, carried away all the money, and cloathes of any value, and got off undiſcovered, though the robbery was committed in broad daylight.

GALWAY, (IRELAND), *September* 28.

Laſt Friday, Lieutenant Colonel Wemyſs left this town, having retired from the ſervice, to the great regret of the 62d regiment, to whom his military ſkill, gallant conduct, and humane temper, had greatly endeared him. The cauſe of his retirement reflects the higheſt honour on him, as it proceeded from the many wounds which he received in the ſervice of his country during the late war. He had the happy talent of uniting ſtrict diſcipline with humanity, while he was beloved by the ſoldiery. His orders were obſerved with punctuality. Previous to his departure, this gallant veteran gave an entertainment to the entire regiment, as a mark of his eſteem and affection to a corps, which had participated with him the toils and dangers which he had undergone. His departure was marked by the general concern of the regiment, who teſtified the greateſt regret at the loſs of ſo able a commander, and ſo ſincere a friend.

FRENCH ENTERTAINMENT, IN THE ENGLISH STILE.

On Sunday the 13th of September, a company of the National Delegates, conſiſting of the celebrated number 45, dined at the Chateau of the Duke de Geſvres, late Governor of Paris, near Marolles, about ſix miles from that city—when the following toaſts, *à la mode d'Angleterre*, were drank, with three real Engliſh cheers: "The King, and the new conſtitution!—The Duke of Orleans, and all abſent friends.—May liberty grow and flouriſh in the hotbed of France, as it has long done in the common ſoil of Great Britain.—May avarice never affect the church, corruption the ſtate, deſpotiſm the court, or licentiouſneſs the body of the people."

The following toaſts were propoſed by the moſt Rev. M. Dillon, Archbiſhop of Narbonne, and ſon of the late Lord Dillon, Colonel of a regiment of the Iriſh Brigade, and drank with univerſal applauſe: "Their Majeſties the King and Queen of England, and may their ſubjects be as happy in purging off the few dregs, as we hope to be, in cleanſing the Augean ſtable of Miniſterial vice and Monarchial deſpotiſm!—May a ſimilarity of laws, conſtitution, and manners, unite the powerful kingdoms of France and Great Britain in perpetual amity and intereſt!—May a generous toleration in religious opinions and worſhip conciliate the affections of all parties in both kingdoms, for their common good!—Peace within our gates, plenty within our palaces, truth in our ſtateſmen, piety in our paſtors, patriotiſm in our Kings, virtue in our ſenators, and induſtry in our people, to the end of time!"

A letter from a gentleman in France, to his friend in Edinburgh, ſays, "The *trade* of Kings and Prieſts, which has ſo long impoſed upon the credulity of mankind, is nearly at an end in this country, and, in leſs than half a century, you will ſee it annihilated in every country in Europe. The time is faſt approaching when governments will no longer interfere in matters of religion, and mankind will be reſponſible only to God and their conſciences for their opinions. The United States of America are the firſt nation who has ſet this glorious example, and ſtruck off the fetters which ſhackled the human mind."

From the eſtimates which have been produced to the National Aſſembly, the annual revenue of France amounts to 478 millions of livres, which is equal to L. 19,016,466 : 13 : 4 Sterling.——Ten millions Sterling of that ſum go to pay the intereſt due annually on their funds, and the balance goes to defray all the other expences of the nation. M. Necker ſuppoſes this ſum will be ſufficient (after the ſavings he has propoſed) to equalize their receipt and expenditure. What is raiſed by the melting down the church plate and other contributions, M. Necker thinks, will keep the Treaſury afloat until the propoſed funds become effective; but, in the preſent decay of trade, deficiency of taxes, and ſtate of anarchy, it is extremely doubtful if the plans of the miniſter will be effectual; at any rate, a long peace can only give full force to them, which will, in all probability, ſecure the tranquillity of this country for a conſiderable period.

During the courſe of the Revolution in France, as we ſhall have frequently occaſion to mention French money, it may not be improper to ſtate, that a livre is ten pence Sterling; a million of livres is 21,666 l. 13 s. 4 d. Sterling; and twenty-four millions of livres is equal to one million Sterling. A ſous is equal to a halfpenny Engliſh.

JEDBURGH, *Oct.* 5.

Mr Knox has appropriated ſome months here to the moſt valuable purpoſes; he has procured a number of exquiſite drawings of a large ſize, from which prints of the ſame dimenſions are to be publiſhed.—He has enforced, with his uſual zeal, the utility of a navigation from Berwick to Keliſo, and even higher if it ſhould be found practicable. Several of the principal gentlemen of this county have propoſed to contribute liberally to the deſign. Mr Knox has recommended, in the firſt inſtance, a ſurvey by Mr Whitworth, in order to aſcertain the expence, and the beſt mode of effecting the work. Should this deſign be accompliſhed, and alſo a bridge over the Tiviot above Keliſo, many thouſand acres of land will be reclaimed, beſides the introduction of ſundry branches of manufacture, for which our fertile country is ſo well adapted.

ABERDEEN, *Oct.* 8. 1789.

Yeſterday, a Grand Cricket Match was played between the Gordon Caſtle Club, and the 55th regiment, giving them in Captain and Mr Biſſet. This match was won by the former, ſingle innings, by 258 runs.

Mr Lumſden	0 B. Wiltſhire	0 B. Lord Huntly
Capt. Biſſet	0 B. Col. Lenox	3 C. Cobly
Mr Biſſet	2 B. Col. Lenox	1 C. Wiltſhire
Serj. Brown	4 C. Ld Strathaven	1 B. Lord Huntly
Serj. Clark	3 Not out	0 B. Col. Lenox
Haynes	2 B. Col. Lenox	0 C. Lord Huntly
Gibbs	0 C. Col. Lenox	9 B. Col. Lenox
Wm Davies	6 B. Col. Lenox	0 B. Lord Huntly
Tho. Davies	3 Run out	0 B. Lord Huntly
Pryce	0 B. Wiltſhire	1 Run out
Shaw	1 C. Lord Huntly	1 Not out
Byes 4		Byes 2
Total 19	First Innings.	Total 18
		Second Innings.
Hon. Col. Lenox		136 B. Capt. Biſſet
Marquis of Huntly		0 B. Capt. Biſſet
Lord Strathaven		3 Run out
Mr Gordon		36 Not out
Wiltſhire		15 B. Mr Biſſet
Cobley		42 B. Mr Biſſet
Higgs		15 B. Mr Biſſet
Perry		1 B. Mr Biſſet
Menzies		4 Run out
Foris		14 B. Mr Biſſet
Byes 27		
Total 295		

HAMILTON RACES.

Monday, the 50 guineas for all ages, was won by

Mr Baird's Rattler,	-	1 1
Mr Hamilton's Sir Andrew,	-	2 2

A good race.

Tueſday, the 50 guineas was won by

Mr Baird's Newbyth, who walked the courſe.

A match for 100 guineas was afterwards run for between Mr Hamilton of Wiſhaw's Hercules Colt, and Mr Hunter's Matchem Colt, and won by the former with eaſe. Maſters on.

Theſe races were attended by very few company.

By accounts communicated to us from private letters, the thermometer in Philadelphia ſtood at 94°, Farenheit's ſcale, June 21; was at different times as high till Auguſt 11, though ſometimes it came down to 87° and under.—Obſervations in New York papers, for the beginning of Auguſt, were from 80 to 88.

By a veſſel lately arrived in Clyde from Jamaica, we learn, the weather was very cold in May, but the great heat which followed has ripened a very plentiful crop of wheat, and the Indian corn looks well.

Extract of a letter from Manchester, Oct. 2.

"This morning, about four o'clock, a large warehouſe belonging to his Grace the Duke of Bridgewater, and occupied by perſons trading in the Staffordſhire navigation, was diſcovered to be on fire. The wind being very high, occaſioned it to burn with uncommon fury. The whole building is entirely conſumed, together with a prodigious quantity of goods. Nothing eſcaped the flames except the books, which were happily ſaved. Neither building nor goods are inſured. The damage is computed at upwards of 30,000 l."

BAROMETER AND THERMOMETER.

				Ther.	Bar.
Thurſday,	*Oct.*	8.	8 P. M.	47	29.10
Friday,		9.	8 A. M.	49	29.13
			8 P. M.	51	29.13
Saturday,		10.	8 A. M.	48	29.20

Error. The date of the diſſolution of W. Coulter and Co's Copartnery, is the 3d, not the 30th October.

ARRIVED AT LEITH.

Oct. 9. Jean, Copling, from Longanet, ſtones
Betſey, Robertſon, from Berwick, barley and wheat.
Olive Branch, M'Kenzie, from Peterſburgh, goods.
Murray, Robertſon, from Newcaſtle, cinders.
William and Clement, Gibſon, from Warren, flour, &c.
Billocks, Davidſon, from Newcaſtle, goods.
Helen, Anderſon, from Dantzick, goods.
George, Muir, from Bruntiſland, vitrol.
Four ſloops with coals.

SAILED,

Peggy, Duncan, for Hull, goods.
Loſie Packet, Beat, for Inverneſs ditto.
Unity, Ayrſome, for Stockton, ditto.
Mary, Hay, for London, ditto.
James, Farquhar, for Newcaſtle, ditto.
Jean, Fertier, for Glaſgow, ditto.

SOUND INTELLIGENCE.

PASSED THE SOUND,

Sept. 20. Concord, Beal, from Memel for Dyſart, timber.
Patience, Cairns, from ditto for Dundee, with ditto.
Dolphin, Garrier, from ditto for Dyſart, with ditto.
Broadalbane, Campbell, from ditto for Dundee, ditto.
Peggy, Foreman, from Peterſburgh for ditto, with flax.
Mathieſon, Crumbie, from Memel for Montroſe, timber.
Iſabella, Martin, from Pillaw for Oſtend, with ſundries.
Helen, Anderſon, from Dantzick for Leith, with aſhes.
21. Induſtry, Orr, from Memel for Whitehaven, timber.
Experiment, M'Kerkie, from ditto for Air, with ditto.
Cecilia, Grindlay, from Peterſburgh for Boneſs, tallow.
Seven Brothers, Thomſon, from Memel for Berwick.
Beaufoy, Davidſon, from Stockholm for London, iron.
Hunter, Duncan, from Peterſburgh for Dublin, ditto.
Commerce, Wylie, from ditto for Leith, do. tallow, &c.
Kirkcaldy, Beveridge, and Elizabeth, for Dantzick.
Peggy, O'Connocher, from Gottenburgh for Pillaw.
Fortune, Brebner, from Aberdeen for Dantzick, ballaſt.
23. Mally, Miller, from Marſtrand for Riga, herrings.
24. Succeſs, Millar, from Gottenburgh for ditto, ditto.
Friendſhip, Roſs, from ditto for ditto, with ditto.
25. Jane, Bett, from Kirkcaldy for Copenhagen, coals.
26. Friendſhip, Kyds, from Arbroath for Riga, in ballaſt.
Counteſs of Sutherland, Sibbley, from Amſterdam for Memel, ditto.
Olive Branch, Foreman, from Maldon for Giſſle, ditto.
Active, Dalrymple, from St Ubes for Stockholm, ſalt.
Happy Janet, Nielſon, from Leith for Memel, in ballaſt.
Three Friends, Burns, from ditto for ditto, in ditto.
Rodney, Bowman, from Dundee for ditto, in ditto.
John, Wrongham, from ditto for Peterſburgh, ditto.
Ann, Martin, from St Peterſburgh for Boſſart, hemp.
John, Crawford, from Iceland for Copenhagen, in ballaſt.
Olive Branch, M'Kenzie, from Peterſburgh for Leith.

P. S. By advice from Skanoer, in Sweden, we are informed, that on Saturday the 17th inſtant, the ſhip Wood Carrier of Peterhead, on her voyage from Lubeck to Pillaw, with a cargo of ſugar and coffee, &c. was drove aſhore on Falſterburn Reef. The crew and moſt of the materials are ſaved, but the veſſel is rendered an entire wreck.

ELSINORE, Sept. 26. 1789.
Wind N. W. WOOD & HOWDEN.

THIS DAY IS PUBLISHED,

THE LITERARY MAGAZINE, AND BRITISH REVIEW

For September 1789;

Embelliſhed with an elegant Head of the *Hon. Robert Boyle*, and a beautiful Engraving of the *Cuculus Indicator and Ratel*.

London—printed for the Proprietors, and ſold by C. FORSTER, No. 41, Poultry—J. M'CLIESH, at his Circulating Library, and J. DICKSON, Edinburgh—Mr Duncan at Glaſgow—and Mr Nielſon, Paiſly.

COURIER DE LONDRES,
A FRENCH NEWSPAPER,

Which has been publiſhed twice a-week for thirteen years.

IF a permanent eſtabliſhment and univerſal circulation thro' Great Britain and the Continent, be proofs of acknowledged, utility, and general excellence, the COURIER DE LONDRES may claim a preference to every cotemporary production.

The French Language is confeſſedly that in which the polite of all European Nations converſe. It is to thoſe of poliſhed manners what the Latin is to the Literati, the univerſal language.—To be habituated in the ſtyle, phraſeology, and idiom of the French Language, it becomes neceſſary that the reading ſhould be inſtructive, familiar, and amuſing; the COURIER DE LONDRES, therefore, comprehending an aſſemblage of articles under each of theſe deſignations, cannot fail of improving the reader in one of the politeſt of the modern tongues: in this view it is peculiarly calculated for the adult as well as juvenile pupil, as each may derive conſiderable advantage from ſuch a paper, whether arts, arms, or commerce be the object of purſuit. The French being the general language for reciprocal communication of ſentiments, the conſtant peruſal of a Print, which treats diffuſively on every ſubject, accelerates the acquirement of that which is the means of correſpondence. By means of this Paper the higher orders of Engliſh readers have been provided with a variety of incidental and important intelligence, ariſing from the momentous occurrences of the times.

Noblemen, Gentlemen, and others, may be ſerved with this paper, by ſending their orders in writing to Mr Smith, bookſeller, High Street, Edinburgh, or to Mr H. Brooks, Coventry Street; or Mr J. Axtell, No. 1. Finch Lane, London, at 3 l. 3 s. per annum, and in proportion for ſix or three months, free of poſtage all over Great Britain.

TO BE SOLD,

At Mr Smith's Stables, North Bridge,

A CAPITAL HUNTER, maſter of any weight, one of the firſt leapers in the kingdom. Alſo,

An elegant CHESNUT MARE, a capital gallopper, able to carry twelve ſtone up with any hounds. If required, credit will be given till Whitſunday next.

For farther particulars, enquire of Mr Smith.

CABINET AND UPHOLSTERY WARE ROOM,

Adams's Square, South Bridge.

BAILLIE and MACKINNON reſpectfully inform the Public, That, by the deſire of their Friends, they have moved from their Ware-room on the High Street, to the ground flat of the late Lord Preſident's houſe, Adams's Square, South Bridge; previous to which they have conſiderably enlarged their ſtock.

They take the liberty of recommending the following articles, as well worthy the attention of the Public, being at leaſt equal in quality, and inferior in price to what are commonly met with, viz. Moreens, Furniture Cottons, Blankets, Counterpanes, and every article of bedding; Wilton and Scots Carpeting; a great variety of the moſt elegant and faſhionable Paper Hangings; Pattern Chairs of the neweſt and moſt approved taſte.

They beg permiſſion to recommend their cabinet work, it being all executed under the inſpection of one of the partners, who has conducted that buſineſs in the moſt extenſive manufactories, in London and Edinburgh.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of JOHN MILLAR, Maltſter at Carronſide, and CHARLES MILLAR, late Merchant in Falkirk.

GEORGE MAIN, writer in Falkirk, truſtee on the ſequeſtrated eſtates of the ſaid John and Charles Millars, having made up a general ſtate of the bankrupts affairs, with a ſcheme of the funds recovered, and converted into caſh, intimates to the Creditors, that the ſame will be ſeen at the Truſtee's writing office in Falkirk, betwixt and Monday the 19th October curt. upon which day a general meeting of the Creditors is to be held at the hour of twelve o'clok noon, within the houſe of Mrs Wyſe, vintner in Falkirk, for the purpoſe mentioned in the ſtatute, and to give ſuch directions concerning the bankrupt's funds, and diſputed claims of Creditors, as unto the Meeting ſhall ſeem proper.

AT LONDON—FOR LEITH,
THE FRIENDSHIP,
A New Ship,
THOMAS RITCHIE,
Master,
Now lying at Hoare's Wharf, taking in goods, and will fail the 20th October.

BY the directions of a General Meeting, held at Greenlaw upon the 6th day of October curt. of the Juſtices of Peace, Commiſſioners of Supply, and other Heritors of the Country of Berwick, truſtees named in an act of Parliament, paſſed in the year 1772, authoriſing toll-bars to be erected upon certain roads in the ſaid county—Intimation is hereby made, that a meeting of the truſtees named in the ſaid act, is to be held at Greenlaw, upon Tueſday the 27th day of October curt. for determining upon the propriety of erecting one or more toll-bars upon each of the roads leading from Whitelaw Muir and Swinton Quarries, to Compton' aLanes, of which intimation all concerned are hereby requeſted to take notice.

JOHN TURNBULL Juſtice of Peace Clerk,
Dunſe, 7th October 1789. } and Clerk to the Truſtees

NOTICE
TO THE CREDITORS OF THE DECEASED
MR JAMES DUN,
Late Cabinet-maker in Lauriſton.

THE Creditors are deſired immediately to lodge exact notes of their claims, and how they are conſtituted, with oaths on the verity, with Mrs Dun, that a ſtate of the affairs may be made up as ſoon as poſſible.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of WILLIAM KERR and COMPANY, Merchants in Leith, William Kerr, merchant there, and Charles Henry Kerr, late maſter of the ſhip Lady Hannah.

THAT in terms of the ſtatute of the 23d of his preſent Majeſty, upon the application of the ſaid William Kerr and Company, and William Kerr and Charles Henry Kerr, as individuals, with the requiſite concurrence, the Lord Hailes, officiating as Lord Ordinary on the bills, upon the 9th October inſtant, ſequeſtrated the whole real and perſonal eſtates belonging to the ſaids William Kerr and Company, and William Kerr and Charles Henry Kerr, partners of the ſaid Company, as individuals; and appointed their creditors to meet within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh, on Monday the 19th day of October current, at one o'clock afternoon, to name an interim-factor upon the ſaid ſequeſtrated eſtates; and granted commiſſion to the Magiſtrates of Edinburgh, or to the Sheriff-Depute or Subſtitute of the ſhire of Edinburgh, or to any of the Juſtices of Peace for the ſaid ſhire, to attend the ſaid meeting of creditors, and to receive their grounds of debt, with the oaths required by the ſtatute thereon, and to ſign the minutes of the meeting of creditors, along with the preſes to be choſen by them, all as directed by the ſaid ſtatute.

Of which public intimation is hereby given to all concerned.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of THOMAS WITTET, Portioner of Milnathort, and Linen Manufacturer in Perth.

JAMES CHALMERS writer in Perth, who was choſen interim factor on the ſequeſtrated eſtate of the ſaid Thomas Wittet on the 5th current, hereby intimates, that a general meeting of the Creditors is to be held on Tueſday the 10th of November next, at ten o'clock forenoon, within the houſe of John Hog, vintner in Perth, for the purpoſe of chuſing a truſtee on the ſaid ſequeſtrated eſtate, in terms of the ſtatute.

And that upon the application of the interim factor, the Sheriff of Perth has appointed Thurſday the 15th current, and Thurſday in each of the three ſubſequent weeks, for the examination of the bankrupt, his family, and others acquainted with his buſineſs, within the Sheriff Clerk's Office in Perth.

Of which all concerned will take notice.

COUNTY OF WIGTON

To be SOLD by auction, within the houſe of Nathaniel Taylor vintner in Stranraer, upon Tueſday the 20th day of October curt. betwixt four and five afternoon,

THE Two-One-Half-Merk-Land of NETHER CRAIG, otherwiſe called CRAIGCAFFIE, and Twenty-Shilling Land of OVER CRAIG, (excluſive of thoſe parts thereof called WHITFFELL, DOSSLAND, and CRAIGROB), as the ſame are preſently poſſeſſed by Anthony Stewart; together with the Superiority of the ſaid lands of Doſsland, Whitefell, and Craigrob, and of the Two-Merk-Land of Braid and Bridge-end, alias Claſhyne, all lying in the pariſh of Inch, and ſhire of Wigton.

The lands are held of the Crown; of a good ſoil, capable of farther improvement. They are pleaſantly ſituated near to the ſide of Lochryan, and within two miles of the burgh of Stranraer. There are ſome fine old trees around the manſion-houſe. And the wood altogether upon the lands is at preſent worth ſeveral hundred pounds.

There is annuity of 40 l. per annum, ſecured upon the eſtate, to anſwer which 800 l. of the price muſt remain with the purchaſer, at 5 per cent. unleſs a tranſaction preſently going on with the annuitant for a renunciation of the annuity ſhall take place.

The titles may be ſeen by applying to Thomas Adair clerk to the ſignet; and Mr Macniſh, Surveyor of the Cuſtoms at Stranraer, will ſhow the lands.

LANDS IN THE COUNTY OF FIFE.

To be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within John's Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh, upon Wedneſday the 23d day of December 1789, at ſix o'clock in the evening,

THE Lands and Eſtate of CULLAIRNIE, lying within the pariſh of Dunbog, and ſhire of Fife. This eſtate is pleaſantly ſituated within three miles of Cupar, and the ſame of the Port of Newburgh. The preſent rental is as follows, viz.

Cullairnie Farm.

Money,	L. 163	0 0
7 dozen of hens, at 5 s.	1	15 0
60 loads of coals,	1	5 0
	L. 166	0 0

Weſter Cullairnie.

Money, L. 66 10 0

B. f. p. l.		
45 0 3 2 4-12ths bear, at 13 s.	42 11 2 9-12ths	
52 2 1 3 2-12ths oats, at 11 s. 8 d.		
3 dozen hens, at 8 s.	1 4 0	
	110 5	2 9-12ths
Henry Steuart,	5 10	3
Thomas Ramſay, in money, bear and oats,	5 2	0
William Ramſay, ditto,	5 2	0
Baillie-fee of Lindores, payable out of the ſeveral eſtates of Exmagirdle, Ormiſton, Lindores, and Eaſter Clunie,	8 6	1 4-12ths
	L. 300 5	7 1-12th

The grain is of an excellent quality, and always ſells above the higheſt ſtars; and is, as above converted low at a ſuppoſed value. But when the preſent leaſes expire, which will be in a few years, there is every reaſon to think *the rents will more than double*, as the lands are of a remarkable fine ſoil, and in a good condition, and capable of the greateſt improvement.

The eſtate holds blench of the Crown, and affords a freehald qualification.

The title-deeds, which are perfectly clear, and conditions of ſale, are to be ſeen in the hands of Robert Trotter, writer to the ſignet—to whom any perſon inclining to purchaſe may apply.

PRESERVATION OF PLANTATIONS, &c.

THE EARL of ROSEBERRY being reſolved to preſerve and protect from all damage, his Parl at Barnbougle, with the Policies, Plantations, and Fences there, and upon his other grounds of Barnbougle and Dalmahoy, lying in the pariſhes of Dalmeny and Cramond, hereby gives notice, to all whom it may concern, that the Earl requeſts, that no perſon or perſons may attempt to enter his Policy and Grounds above-mentioned, with horſes and hounds for the purpoſe of hunting, courſing, or killing Game of any kind; and that he has given ſtrict orders to his Overſeers and Servants, to keep all the gates locked, and to prevent all perſons from intruding into his grounds for the purpoſes aforeſaid, by all legal means in their power; and if any perſon or perſons, after this public notice, ſhall trangreſs, they will be PROSECUTED with the *utmoſt rigour of law*, for *penalties*, *damages*, and *expences*. If Gentlemen will conſider the time, the trouble, and the great expence that has been laid out by the Earl in improving, decorating, and incloſing the grounds comprehended under his Policies, and will conſider the caſe as their own, he hopes they will be ſoobliging as to comply with this notice, and thereby ſave all urther trouble.

SALE OF DISTILLERY UTENSILS, &c.

To be Sold at Kennetpans, in Clackmannan-ſhire, on Wedneſday the 21ſt October 1789, at ſeven o'clock forenoon,

THE Whole COPPERS, STILLS, WORMS, and other Utenſils belonging to the Diſtillery at Kennetpans.

Catalogues to be had of
Mr David Sandeman, merchant in London, and
Alexander Colville, auctioneer in Edinburgh.

The articles themſelves may be ſeen previous to the ſale, by applying to John Stein, at Kennetpans; and for further particulars, apply to James Craig, merchant in Edinburgh, or to Robert Boſwell, writer to the ſignet.

SALE OF A CAPITAL DISTILLERY,
AND OF DISTILLERY UTENSILS.

To be SOLD at *Kilbagie* in Clackmananſhire, on Monday the 26th day of October curt. at ten o'clock forenoon,

THE Remaining CAST-IRON and other UTENSILS belonging to that Diſtillery. *As the whole muſt be ſold without reſerve*, purchaſers are entreated to attend to this advertiſement.

Catalogues to be had of
Meſſ. WM. FORLONG and Co. merchants in Glaſgow;
Mr WM. GRINLAY, broker in Leith;
Mrs BOWIE, auctioneer in Edinburgh.

AND,

On Wedneſday the 28th day of October will be ſold, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouſe, at 12 o'clock noon preciſely,

THE LAND, HOUSE, OFFICES, and DISTILLERY of KILBAGIE, ſituated in the county of Clackmannan, and within a mile of the River Forth, (to which there is acceſs by a navigable Canal) and in the heart of a rich and populous country.

The Diſtillery is plentifully ſupplied with water, and there is great plenty of coal, wood, lime-ſtone, and free-ſtone, in the immediate neighbourhood. In point of magnitude, ſolidity, and convenience, it exceeds any thing of the kind in Great Britain; and, beſides Mills for threſhing of corn, and grinding all ſorts of grain, there are included in it a moſt complete Malting, and houſes for feeding, ſlaughtering, and curing of cattle, hogs, &c. The whole fitted up in a ſtile ſuperior to any idea that can be conveyed with an advertiſement.

The Houſe and Offices are built in a moſt ſubſtantial and elegant manner. The apartments are ſpacious, numerous, and commodious, fit for the accommodation of a large family.

The above premiſſes comprehend two large Gardens, well ſtocked with fruit-trees of the beſt kinds, and about 30 acres of land, moſt of it rich Kerſe ground.

The above Subjects will be expoſed at the price of TWO THOUSAND POUNDS.

For further particulars, apply to David Steuart banker in Edinburgh, or Robert Boſwell writer to the ſignet.

(Upſet Price Reduced)
SALE OF
HOUSE, GARDEN, AND OFFICES,
AT LAWRISTON,
AND OF A HOUSE IN NORTH HANOVER STREET.

To be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh, on Wedneſday the 21ſt October 1789, betwixt the hours of ſix and ſeven o'clock afternoon,

THAT HOUSE, *Garden*, and *Offices*, pleaſantly ſituated at Lawriſton, at the head of the lane immediately oppoſite to the Vennel, and preſently poſſeſſed by Mr James Forreſt, writer to the ſignet.

The houſe conſiſts of three ſtories, all within itſelf, containg dining room, drawing room, ſeveral good bed rooms, and light cloſets, kitchen, preſſes, and other conveniencies.—The cellars and offices are without the houſe, and the garden is neatly and commodiouſly laid out for the uſe of a family.

The ſituation of the premiſſes is very eligible, and will be further improved when the alterations making on the road, by the town wall, now taken down, are completed, and the propoſed communication thereto from South Bridge Street opened.

Alſo to be ſold by private bargain,

That HOUSE, being the *two uppermoſt flats* of the tenement of land immediately below the corner houſe at the head of the weſt ſide of North Hanover Street, belonging to, and poſſeſſed by Robert Brown, writer to the ſignet. The houſe conſiſts of dining room, drawing room, ſmall room, light bed cloſet, kitchen, ſervants room, pantry and preſſes, on the firſt flat; and of four bed rooms, and two large light cloſets on the ſecond flat, with cellar, water ciſtern, and other conveniences. The ſituation is very chearfull and centrical; the houſe is ſubſtantially finiſhed; has been poſſeſſed near two years; and is well adapted to accomodate a large family.

To be ſeen on Mondays and Thurſdays from twelve to three o'clock.

For further particulars, enquire at ſaid Robert Brown, writer, to the ſignet.

N. B. To be Let, from Martinmas to Whitſunday both next, A HOUSE, being the two uppermoſt flats of the north half of the tenement of land, No. 16. on the eaſt ſide of North Hanover Street, conſiſting of an elegant dining-room and drawing-room, newly painted, ſix bed-rooms, kitchen, and other conveniencies.

BY ADJOURNMENT.
JUDICIAL SALE OF
LANDS IN ABERDEENSHIRE,
Upſet Price ſtill farther Reduced.

To be SOLD by public roup, by authority of the Lords of Council and Seſſion, in the Parliament or New Seſſion-houſe at Edinburgh, upon Tueſday the 1ſt day of December 1789, between the hours of five and ſix afternoon,

THE remaining part of the LANDS and ESTATE, which belonged to ALEXANDER ACHYNDACHY of Kincraigie, viz.

The Town and Lands of Cividly, Micklehaugh, Muirhead, Achredachy, and Beddieſhillock;—the Lands of Old Keig and Mill thereof, with the Teinds and Pertinents, all lying within the pariſh of Keig and ſheriffdom of Aberdeen.

The proven yearly rent of theſe lands is 129 l. 11 s. 2 d. 1-12th Sterling, which at twenty-five years purchaſe, is 3238 l. 19 s. 10 d. 4-12ths Sterling; but on different applications to the Court, is now reduced to 2650 l. which is to be the upſet price.

Theſe lands are ſituated in a rich country, are capable of great improvement; and being out of leaſe at preſent, a conſiderable riſe of rent may be expected.

The title-deeds, rental, and meaſurement of the lands, and articles of roup, may be ſeen in the hands of George Kirkpatrick, depute-clerk of Seſſion; and for further information, application may be made to John Gordon, clerk to the ſignet, agent in the ſale; and to John Durno or David Morrice, Advocates in Aberdeen.

LINEN CLOTH,
Suppoſed to be Stolen.

THAT in the month of October laſt 1788, three piece of Linen Cloth, conſiſting of about 76 yards, were ſeized from one William Malcolm, from the ſhire of Forfar, (now priſoner at Perth, under ſentence of tranſportation,) on ſuſpicion of being ſtolen from ſome Bleaching ground, being wet when expoſed to ſale in Perth, and under other ſuſpicious circumſtances. The perſon to whom the ſaid cloth belonged, upon applying at the Town Clerks Office Perth, betwixt and the firſt day of November next, and and proving the property of ſaid cloth, will have the ſame reſtored.

MASSON's INN, QUEEN-STREET, ABERDEEN.

TO be LET for ſuch a number of years as can be agreed upon, and entered to at Whitſunday next, That commodious and well-frequented INN, in Queen-Street, Aberdeen, with a moſt convenient ſet of Stables and other Offices, poſſeſſed at preſent, and for many years paſt, by Mr Alexander Maſſon, vintner. The houſe contains a great number of rooms neatly finiſhed as parlours and bed-rooms, beſides a large dining room and an elegant HALL, with variety of other conveniencies. It is, from its centrical ſituation, and variety of acceſs, remarkably convenient for travellers, as well as for the inhabitants of the town, by whom it has been particularly well frequented. For particulars application may be made to Mr Ninian Johnſton merchant in Aberdeen, and the premiſſes will be ſhown by Mr Maſſon.

MR MASSON returns his ſincereſt thanks for the friendſhip, favour, and ſucceſs he has met with from a generous public, and many good friends, which will always be gratefully remembered. He continues in the Inn until Whitſunday next, and ſhall uſe his beſt endeavours to ſerve the Public as uſual.

COUNTY OF AYR.

To be SOLD by public auction, on Friday the 16th of October next, within the houſe of William Dunn, inn-keeper in Ayr, between the hours of twelve and two o'clock afternoon,

THE Lands of GREENVALE, conſiſting of 105 acres or thereby, including 17 acres of planting, lying in the pariſhes of Dreghorn and Irvine, and ſhire of Ayr, about three miles eaſt from the burgh of Irvine, on the road between that ard Glaſgow. They are all arable, and in the higheſt order, preſently occupied by the proprietor, but if ſet to a tenant on a nineteen years leaſe, would yield a rent of 2 l. ſterling per acre.

There lies on the premiſſes an elegant modern houſe with ſuitable offices, fit for the accommodation of a genteel family, beautifully ſituated on the banks of the water of Annock.—The plantations and pleaſure ground are laid out with mach taſte.

The lands hold of a ſubject ſuperior, for payment of an yearly feu-duty of 18 l. 8 s. 8 d. Sterling—they pay no ſtipend.

ALSO, The Leaſes of the lands of *Braehead*, *Rodanbill*, *Frirmill*, and *Byreſteads*, lying in the ſaid pariſhes of Dreghorn and Irvine, current for two years after Martinmas next, and thereafter during the principal tenant's life, yielding him a ſurplus rent of 91 l. 14 s. Sterling, after paying his rent to the proprietor.

And a Leaſe of the lands of *Holehouſe*, in the pariſh of Irvine, for the principal tenant's lifetime, yielding him a ſurplus rent of 91. 8 s. 7½ Sterling, after paying his rent to the proprietor.

Theſe leaſes will be ſold either along with the ſaid lands of Greenvale, or ſeparately, as purchaſers ſhall incline.

The conditions of roup, title-deeds, and plan of the ſaid lands of Greenvale, and the tacks and ſubtacks of the ſaid lands in leaſe, to be ſeen in the hands of John Hunter, writer to the ſignet, to whom, or to Hugh Hamilton, Eſq. of Pinmore, banker in Ayr, perſons inclining to make a private bargain may apply. Copies of the conditions of roup will be ſeen in the hands of Mr. Richard Campbell at Braehead, near Ayr.

John Thomſon at Greenvale, will ſhow the lands.

To be FEUED, or LET ON A LONG LEASE,

THE BLEACHFIELD at LEVEN, with any quantity of incloſed ground (moſtly rich haugh) from fourteen to ſeventy-four acres. The houſes are large and convenient, and the machinery and utenſils in good order, and fit for an extenſive buſineſs. The field is well ſupplied with river and ſpring water; and as ſeveral additional ſprings, and any quantity of filtered water can be brought in, few ſituations are more eligible for an extenſive printfield, from the large linen manufacture carried on in the country round.

Near to the bleachfield, and cloſe by the harbour of Leven, there is alſo to be feued or let, a very conſiderable command of water, not at preſent employed, very fit for driving a variety of machinery, as the houſes could be ſo ſituated, that veſſels might be brought to load or unload at the mill-doors.

The tenants or feuars of the above ſubjects will have a right to ſtones from the ſea-ſhore, or from any free-ſtone quarries on the eſtate of Durie, for any erections on ſaid lands, and to ſea-weed and marl for manure.

For farther particulars, apply to Mr Stark, at Methel, by Leveu, Fifeſhire.

TO BE LET,
And entered to at Martinmas 1790,

THE FOLLOWING FARMS, lying in the Shire of Renfrew, viz.

No.		EXTENT. A.	R.	F.
1. *Bogside*, as poſſeſſed by	John John Holm,	158	1	11
2. *Knockmountain*,	John Lang,	131	1	2
3. *High Langhde*,	Widow Holm,	76	0	0
4. *Laigh Langſide*,	Hugh Kerr,	60	0	0
5. *Laigh Caſtlehill*,	Matthew Holm,	81	2	10
6. *Bardrainnies*,	The Heirs of A. Blair,	93	2	17
7. *Parklee*,	William King,	49	1	14

Theſe farms lie along the ſide of the river Clyde, in the immediate neighbourhood of Port-Glaſgow. They are all incloſed and ſubdivided, and conſiſt of good arable and paſture grounds. No. 9 may be let and entered to at Martinmas 1789. Upon that and No. 6. there are good manſion-houſes and gardens in repair, excluſive of the farm-houſes and offices.

Offers may be given in or tranſmitted in writing to Alexander Dalziel at Finlayſton, and ſuch as are not accepted will be concealed and returned.

AN ESTATE IN STIRLINGSHIRE.
To be SOLD by private bargain,

THE Lands and Eſtate of POLMONT, lying about 21 miles weſt fram Edinburgh, and 3 miles eaſt from Falkirk, within the pariſh of Polmont, and ſhire of Stirling.

Theſe lands conſiſt of 108 acres, Scots meaſure, moſtly in the natural poſſeſſion of the proprietor. An excellent, ſubſtantial, modern dwelling-houſe, with ſuitable offices of every kind, fit to accommodate any Gentleman's family, was built within theſe few years, by the former proprietor, upon a moſt eligible ſituation on the ground, commanding beautiful and extenſive proſpects of the very rich country in the neighbourhood, and of the Forth, ſhipping, and oppoſite coaſt.

The adjoining incloſures and pleaſure grounds conſiſt of about 40 Scots acres, judiciouſly laid out by the late proprietor, well incloſed with ſtone and lime dykes, and ſheltered by beautiful and thriving ſtripes of planting, and each incloſure is well watered by a rivulet running through the ſame.

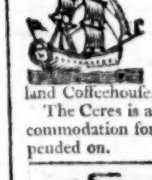
Beſides the above property lands there is 21 l. of yearly feu-duty. L. 5 yearly payable by the Duke of Hamilton for grounds excambed, and iron ſtone in the lands, for which there is always a ready ſale to the Carron Company.

The whole is held of the Duke of Hamilton for 11 l. 4 s. Sterling, and the proprietor has right to the tiends.

Plenty of coal and lime is to be had in the immediate neighbourhood, and there is the opportunity of daily communication with Edinburgh, Glaſgow, Stirling, Falkirk, &c. by the Stage Coaches paſſing betwixt and theſe places.

The greateſt part of the price may remain in the purchaſer's hands, on proper ſecurity.

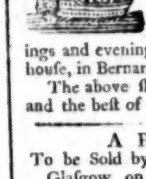
For further particulars, enquire at Robert Brown, writer to the ſignet, North Hanover Street, in whoſe hands a plan of the lands is lodged.



AT LONDON—FOR LEITH,
THE CERES,
JAMES MACINTOSH Maſter,

Lying at Miller's Wharf, taking in goods for Leith, Edinburgh, and the country adjacent, will ſail the 14th October. The Maſter to be ſpoke with at the New England Coffeehouſe, mornings and evenings on board.

The Ceres is a new and ſtrong-built veſſel, has good accommodation for paſſengers, and the beſt uſage may be depended on.



AT LEITH—FOR LONDON,
THE LIVINGSTON,
JA. MACKIE Maſter,

Lying in Leith Harbour, taking in goods, and ſails the 15th October 1789.

The maſter to be ſpoke with at the Exchange Coffeehouſe, at change hours, mornings and evenings on board the ſhip, or at Mrs Stevenſon's houſe, in Bernard Street, Leith.

The above ſhip has neat accommodation for paſſengers, and the beſt of uſage may be depended on.

A PRINTFIELD FOR SALE.

To be Sold by public roup, in Robert Provan's, vintner, Glaſgow, on Thurſday the 29th of October current, between one and two o'clock afternoon,

THE LANDS and HOUSES in the Village of Pollockſhaws, known by the name of *The Pollockſhaws Printfield*.

The lands meaſure 25 acres 2 roods, of which a conſiderable part of which has been levelled and formed for bleaching and other purpoſes of the trade, and the grounds are interſected with canals and rivulets, which, in all ſeaſons, are abundantly ſupplied from excellent ſprings, and from the water of Cart.

Upon the lands there is a complete ſet of houſes. Beſides a very convenient lodging, there is a printing ſhop and ſtore of two ſtoreys, covered with ſlate, 90 feet long and 18 feet wide; another of the ſame heighth of hewn ſtone work, covered alſo with ſlate, 110 feet by 18, having the upper flat repaired, and laid out for a dwelling-houſe; a copper houſe, 50 feet by 20; a boiling houſe of the ſame dimenſions, in which there is a ſet of horſe machinery, and a callender; a drying ſhade, 60 feet by 20, and a range of houſes at the end of it, 120 feet by 18.

There are alſo a great number of other buildings upon the lands, particularly a tenement adjoining to the above range, of two ſtoreys, with a ſlate roof, 24 feet ſquare, within the walls, and another immediately behind it, of 55 feet by 22, conſiſting of one ſtorey, with good garrets fitted up for a dwelling-houſe.

The fixed machinery, which is in high order, and great part of it almoſt new, conſiſts of one wheel, two pumps, four pair of waſh ſtocks, and a poliſhing machine for copperplates, all which are driven by water; and there is alſo a ſet of horſe machinery, which move other two pair of waſh ſtocks.

The buildings and machinery are in a ſubſtantial good condition, and the whole premiſſes are exceedingly well adapted for carrying on an extenſive trade.

The lands hold of Sir John Maxwell, for payment of a feu-duty of between ſixteen and ſeventeen pounds, but the late proprietor ſubfeued ſuch a proportion of them at the rate of eight pounds per acre, as produces a ſufficiency for the ſuperior's feu-duty.

Perſons who intend to purchaſe, are deſired to apply to Walter Ewing merchant in Glaſgow, or to James Mathie writer, who will ſhow the writs and conditions of ſale, and give ſuch information as may be wanted; and a copy of the conditions of ſale may alſo be ſeen in the hands of Edward Bruce writer to the ſignet.

A. ALLISON Auctioneer.

SALE OF LANDS,
In the Stewartry of Kirkcudbright.

To be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh, on Wedneſday the 25th day of November next, between the hours of five and ſix afternoon,

THE following FARMS, lying in the united pariſhes of Borgue and Kirkanders, and ſtewartry of Kirkcudbright, in the following LOTS, viz.

I. The twelve-merk Land of old extent of BORNISS, conſiſting of 372 Scots acres or thereabouts, as preſently poſſeſſed by John Sproat upon a leaſe for 19 years, current ſince Whitſunday 1785, at the yearly rent of 150 l. Sterling, over and above the whole public burdens which are payable by the tenant.

By the tack, a purchaſer will have the privilege of a break at Whitſunday 1793, upon giving the tenant ſix months previous warning, and paying him 100 l. Sterling for the improvements he has made.

The Teinds are valued by an old decreet, and nearly exhauſted by the miniſter's ſtipend.

Theſe lands hold of the Crown, and it is believed that they will make a freehold qualification upon an old retour.

II. The Lands of OVER and NETHER CHAPPELTOWNS, with the Teinds thereof, conſiſting of 312 acres or thereby, ſet in two different farms to John M'Ghie and Hugh Cunninghame; the free yearly rent of which, after deduction of land-tax and all other public burdens, is 112 l 9 s.

Theſe lands are held blench of the Crown, and afford a freehold qualification in the county.

III. The Lands of MARK, poſſeſſed by John Porter, at the yearly rent of 30 l Sterling. The tenant is allowed 2 l. 10 s. yearly for purchaſing lime, on condition of his laying out an equal ſum himſelf for that purpoſe.

The whole of the above lands are well ſituated in one of the moſt fertile pariſhes in the ſtewartry. They extend along the coaſt which forms the entrance into the Bay of Fleet; they are in the neighbourhood of marl, and have a command of ſhells from the ſhore, ſo that there is little doubt of a conſiderable riſe upon the expiry of the preſent leaſes.

For further particulars, apply to Mr David Ruſſell, accountant in Edinburgh; Francis and John Anderſons, writers to the ſignet; or Mr Adam Thomſon, at Knockbrex.

ROUP OF LANDS IN ABERDEENSHIRE.

To be SOLD by Public Roup, on Friday the 30th day of October current, within the houſe of Peter Wilkie, vintner in Aberdeen, at ſix o'clock afternoon,

THE LANDS and ESTATE of BREDA, lying in the pariſh of Alford, and county of Aberdeen, conſiſting of 540 acres of arable, and about 1000 of hill and paſture ground, and which, if all ſet, will yield about 330 l. of rent. This eſtate is delightfully ſituated on the river Don, has above 80 acres of haugh ground, and 290 acres of thriving wood.—The ſoil is ſtrong and early, and great part of the arable land is incloſed. As it lies on the great ſouth road, by Cuirnemount, from Huntley.—It is well adapted either for a farmer or a grazier. There is a good manſion-houſe, office-houſes, and garden: abundance of ſalmon and other fiſh are found in the Don, and game in the hills; and there are wild deer in the woods. The valued rent is 515 l. Scots, and the proprietor has a vote for a member of Parliament.

Alſo the Lands of TILLYMORGAN, lying in the pariſh of Culſamon, and county foreſaid; the free rent of which, after all deductions, is about 180 l. Sterling. They conſiſt of about 640 acres of arable ground, an equal quantity of hill and paſture, and have plenty of moſs and ſheep paſture. The valued rent is 300 l. Scots, holden of the Crown.

Further information, as to theſe eſtates, will be had by applying to John Ramſay, Eſq; of Barra, Alexander Duthie, Eſq; of Ruthrieſton, or Mr Carnegie, town-clerk of Aberdeen; and Hugh Hutcheon, advocate there, will ſhow the writs, plans, rentals, and articles of roup.

A conſiderable part of the price will be allowed to remain in the purchaſer's hands for ſome years.

EXCHANGES ON

Amſterdam,	38	6		Oporto,	5 6
Ditto Sight,	38	3		Paris,	27½
Rotterdam,	38	8		Ditto 2 U.	27½
Hamburg,	35	4	2½ U	Bourdeaux 2 U.	27½
Liſbon,	5	6⅜		Dublin,	8

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